D'APPOLONIA CONSULTING ENGINEERS INC PITTSBURGH PA F/G 13/13 NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM. REYNOLDSVILLE STORAGE DAM (NDI--ETC(U) 1980 AD-A087 889 UNCLASSIFIED NL OF ADR 76RG END 9-80 DTIC

OHIO RIVER BASIN PITCHPINE RUN, JEFFERSON COUNTY

PENNSYLVANIA

peynoldsville storage dam (NDI I.D. PA-01130

DER I.D. 33-5),

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORTA

CONSULTING ENGINEERS



PREPARED FOR

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY BALTIMORE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS BALTIMORE, MARYLAND 21203

D'APPOLONIA CONSULTING ENGINEERS **10 DUFF ROAD**

PITTSBURGH, PA. 15235

8

132

DISCLAIMER NOTICE

THIS DOCUMENT IS BEST QUALITY PRACTICABLE. THE COPY FURNISHED TO DTIC CONTAINED A SIGNIFICANT NUMBER OF PAGES WHICH DO NOT REPRODUCE LEGIBLY.

ORIGINAL CONTAINS COLOR PLATES: ALL DOC REPRODUCTIONS WILL BE IN BLACK AND WHITE.

DTIC ELECTE AUG 1 5 1980

F

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Department of the Army, Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314.

The purpose of a Phase I investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon visual observations and review of available data. Detailed investigations and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, material testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the inspection is intended to identify any need for such studies which should be performed by the owner.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of the dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external factors which are evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through frequent inspections can unsafe conditions be detected and only through continued care and maintenance can these conditions be prevented or corrected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the spillway design flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. The spillway design flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

The assessment of the conditions and recommendations was made by the consulting engineer in accordance with generally and currently accepted engineering principles and practices.

PHASE I REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

NAME OF DAM: Reynoldsville Storage Dam (Upper Dam)

STATE LOCATED: Pennsylvania COUNTY LOCATED: Jefferson

STREAM: Pitchpine Run, a Tributary of Sandy Creek

SIZE CLASSIFICATION: Small HAZARD CLASSIFICATION: High OWNER: Borough of Reynoldsville

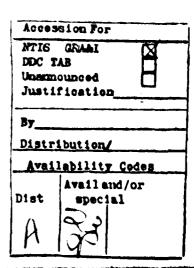
DATE OF INSPECTION: April 23, 1980 and April 30, 1980

ASSESSMENT: Based on the evaluation of the existing conditions, the condition of Reynoldsville Storage Dam is considered to be unsafe/nonemergency due to seriously inadequate spillway capacity. The condition of the embankment is considered to be poor. The spillway structures were found to be significantly deteriorated. Extensive seepage on the order of 100 to 200 gallons per minute was observed seeping through the spillway structures. The abutment walls of the spillway were constructed about 2 feet below the mean dam crest elevation, posing a potential for erosion of the embankment and the abutment in the event of large flows through the spillway. The downstream face of the dam was found to be on a steep slope (approximately 1.5H to IV) with swampy areas at the downstream toe level of the dam. The downstream end of the outlet pipe was found to be blocked by debris and siltation, indicating that it has not been functional for some time. In view of the above deficiencies and lack of any design information, it is considered advisable that the dam be evaluated in detail by a professional engineer to assess the structural integrity of the embankment and prepare and execute plans for the rehabilitation of the spillway structures and outlet facilities.

According to the recommended criteria, small dams in the high hazard category are required to pass from 50 percent to full probable maximum flood (PMF). In view of the downstream damage potential, the upper limit of the recommended range is considered to be applicable to this dam. The flood discharge capacity was evaluated according to the recommended criteria and was found to pass 20 percent of the PMF without overtopping the abutment walls of the spillway. Because the spillway capacity is less than 50 percent of the PMF and it is estimated that an overtopping failure of the dam would significantly increase the downstream hazard of loss of life compared to that which would exist just before failure, the spillway is considered to be seriously inadequate.

The following recommendations should be implemented immediately or on a continuing basis.

- 1. The owner should immediately retain an experienced professional engineer to conduct additional studies and to prepare and execute plans for the repair and restoration of the spillway structures and to evaluate the integrity of the embankment as a water retention structure. Repairs and restoration and additional studies should include, but not be limited to, the following work:
 - a. Conduct additional detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies to determine the nature and extent of improvements required to provide adequate spillway capacity.
 - b. Evaluate the structural integrity of the embankment in view of the steep downstream slope and swampy areas at the toe level of the embankment.
 - c. Evaluate the operational condition of the outlet pipe and conduct necessary maintenance. Also, a means should be developed to provide upstream control to all pipes through the embankment.
 - d. Evaluate the need to provide erosion protection such as riprap on the upstream face of the dam.
- Around-the-clock surveillance should be provided during unusually heavy runoff and a formal warning system should be developed to alert the downstream residents in the event of emergencies.



3. The dam and appurtenant structures should be inspected regularly and a formal maintenance manual should be developed for future maintenance of the dam.

PROFESSIONAL LAWRENCE D. Anderson

Lawrence D. Anderson

Engineer S. Market S. Market

Lawrence D. Andersen, P.E. Vice President

June 18, 1980

Date

Approved by:

JAMES W. PECK

Colonel, Corps of Engineers

District Engineer

Date

And the second of the second o



.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		PAGE
SEC1	TION 1 - PROJECT INFORMATION	1
1.1	General	1
	Description of Project	1
1.3	Pertinent Data	2
SEC1	TION 2 - DESIGN DATA	5
2.1	Design	5
2.2	Construction	6
2.3	Operation	6
2.4	Other Investigations	6
2.5	Evaluation	6
SEC1	TION 3 - VISUAL INSPECTION	7
	Findings	7
3.2	Evaluation	8
SEC1	TION 4 - OPERATIONAL FEATURES	9
4.1	Procedure	9
4.2	Maintenance of the Dam	9
4.3	Maintenance of Operating Facilities	9
4.4	Warning System	9
4.5	Evaluation	9
SEC1	TION 5 - HYDRAULICS AND HYDROLOGY	10
5.1	Evaluation of Features	10
SEC1	TION 6 - STRUCTURAL STABILITY	12
6.1	Evaluation of Structural Stability	12
SEC1	TION 7 - ASSESSMENT AND RECOMMENDATIONS/PROPOSED REMEDIAL MEASURES	13
7.1	Dam Assessment	13
	The state of the s	14

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

APPENDIX A - CHECKLIST, VISUAL INSPECTION, PHASE I

APPENDIX B - CHECKLIST, ENGINEERING DATA, DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION, AND HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC, PHASE I

APPENDIX C - PHOTOGRAPHS

APPENDIX D - HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULICS ANALYSES

APPENDIX E - PLATES

APPENDIX F - REGIONAL GEOLOGY

PHASE I REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM REYNOLDSVILLE STORAGE DAM (UPPER DAM) NDI I.D. PA-1130 DER I.D. 33-5

SECTION 1 PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 General

- a. Authority. The inspection was performed pursuant to the authority granted by The National Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367, to the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to conduct inspections of dams throughout the United States.
- b. Purpose. The purpose of this inspection is to determine if the dam constitutes a hazard to human life or property.

1.2 Description of Project

a. Dam and Appurtenances. Reynoldsville Storage Dam consists of an earth embankment approximately 240 feet long with a maximum height of approximately 24 feet from the downstream toe. The crest width is in the range of 6 to 8 feet. The downstream slope of the dam is irregular and covered with thick brush. The downstream slope varies between 1.5H to 1V to 2H to 1V. The crest and the upstream face are covered with grass. There is no shoreline protection on the upstream side of the dam.

The flood discharge facilities for the reservoir consist of a concrete overflow structure located on the left abutment (looking downstream). The overflow section is approximately 25 feet wide and 2 feet deep. A cutoff wall extends in both directions from the overflow section, the top of which is about 2 feet below the mean dam crest elevation. The crest of the overflow section (parallel to flow) is about 30 inches wide (in two steps with about 5 inches vertical separation) dropping about five feet to a 30-foot-long concrete slab, which terminates at a 5- to 6-foot vertical drop to an earth channel.

According to the previous inspection reports, the outlet facilities consist of a 24-inch cast-iron blow-off pipe and a 6-inch cast-iron

supply line. The field observations indicate that the flow through these pipes is controlled by valves located in a valve chamber at the downstream toe of the dam. The 24-inch blow-off pipe constitutes the emergency drawdown facility for the reservoir.

- b. Location. Reynoldsville Storage Dam is located near the headwaters of Pitchpine Run, a tributary of Sandy Lick Creek, approximately one mile northeast of Reynoldsville in Winslow Township, Jefferson County, Pennsylvania. Plate 1 illustrates the location of the dam.
- c. Size Classification. Small (based on 24-foot height and 68 acre-feet maximum storage capacity).
- d. <u>Hazard Classification</u>. The dam is classified to be in the high hazard category. Discharge from this dam flows into the reservoir of a dam located 1000 feet downstream. Below the second dam, Pitchpine Run flows through a small streambed approximately 3 to 4 feet wide and 1 to 2 feet deep through residential areas of Reynoldsville. It then discharges into a sewer system near the center of the town. It is estimated that failure of the upstream dam may in turn cause the failure of the downstream dam and the combined discharge would cause loss of lives and large property damage in Reynoldsville.
- e. Ownership. Reynoldsville Water Authority (address: Mrs. Lesley, Secretary, Municipal Building, Reynoldsville, Pennsylvania 15851).
 - f. Purpose of Dam. Water supply.
- g. Design and Construction History. The dam was designed by a local engineer, Mr. G. Mellinger, a surveyor from Reynoldsville, Pennsylvania, and constructed by the original owner, Reynoldsville Water Company, with completion in 1901.
- h. Normal Operating Procedure. The reservoir is normally maintained at the crest level of the uncontrolled spillway. When the lake is at or above the spillway crest level, inflow is discharged through the uncontrolled spillway.
- 1.3 Pertinent Data. Elevations referred to in this and subsequent sections of the report were calculated based on field measurements assuming the spillway crest level (normal pool level) to be at Elevation 1452, which was interpolated from the USGS 7.5-minute DuBois quadrangle map.
 - a. Drainage Area

0.62 square mile

b. Discharge at Dam Site (cfs)

Maximum known flood at dam site	Unknown
Outlet conduit at maximum pool	20+
Gated spillway capacity at maximum pool	Not applicable 236(1)
Ungated spillway capacity at maximum pool	
Total spillway capacity at maximum pool	236(1)

c. Elevation (USGS Datum) (feet)

Top of Dam	1454.1
	(top of spill-
	way walls,
	design eleva-
	tion unknown)
Maximum pool	1455.8
Normal pool	1452
Upstream invert outlet works	Unknown
Downstream invert outlet works	1430+
Maximum tailwater	Unknown
Toe of Dam	1430 <u>+</u>
Reservoir Length (feet)	
Normal pool level	1200

d.

Normal pool level	1200
Maximum pool level	1300+

e. Storage (acre-feet)

Normal pool level	21
Maximum pool level	27

f. Reservoir Surface (acres)

Normal pool level	2.8
Maximum pool level	4 <u>+</u>

g. Dam

Туре	Earth
Length	240 feet
Height	24 feet
Top width	6 to 8 feet

⁽¹⁾ The capacity of the spillway relative to the top of the spillway abutment walls.

Side slopes

Downstream:
1.5H:1V to
2.5H:1V
Upstream:
2H:1V
Unknown
Unknown
Unknown

None

Zoning Impervious core Cutoff Grout curtain

h. Regulating Outlet

Type

Length Closure

Access
Regulating facilities

i. Spillway

Type

Length Crest elevation Upstream channel Downstream channel 24-inch castiron pipe Unknown Downstream valve Valve chamber Downstream valve

Rectangular open channel 25 feet 1452 Lake Earth channel

SECTION 2 DESIGN DATA

2.1 Design

- a. <u>Data Available</u>. The available data consist of files provided by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Department of Environmental Resources (PennDER), which contain limited design drawings and correspondence and several past inspection reports.
- (1) Hydrology and Hydraulics. The available information includes the design capacity of the spillway.
- (2) Embankment. The available information consists of a description of the embankment included in the past inspection reports.
- (3) Appurtenant Structures. The available information consists of design drawings and a description of the facilities included in the previous inspection reports.

b. Design Features

- (1) Embankment. As illustrated in Plates 2 and 3, the dam appears to be a homogeneous embankment. A Commonwealth report dated September 3, 1915, indicates that the dam was constructed of sands, stones, and gravel obtained from the reservoir area. No other information was found relative to the design and construction of the embankment.
- (2) Appurtenant Structures. The appurtenant structures consist of an open channel spillway located on the left abutment and outlet works. Plate 4 shows the details of the spillway structures. Field observations indicate that the existing spillway is not fully in conformance with the design drawings. The spillway consists of a rectangular overflow section approximately 25 feet wide and about 2 feet deep, discharging onto a concrete apron which in turn discharges into an earth channel approximately 30 feet downstream from the overflow section. Further description of the spillway structures is included in Section 1.2a. According to the available information, this spillway was constructed in 1941. The original spillway for the reservoir consisted of an earth channel located on the right abutment which was abandoned at the time of construction of the present spillway. With respect to the outlet facilities, only the size of the outlet pipes was reported. The outlet pipes through the dam consist of a 24-inch cast-iron blow-off pipe and a 6-inch supply line, through which flow is controlled by valves located at the downstream end. No other information was found relative to the details of the outlet facilities.

c. Design Data

- (1) Hydrology and Hydraulics. The existing spillway was constructed in 1941 under a Commonwealth permit which required the spillway capacity to be 1050 cfs. However, subsequent correspondence indicates that the as-built capacity of the spillway was 230 cfs relative to the freeboard available to the top of the spillway abutment walls.
- (2) $\underline{\text{Embankment}}$. No engineering data are available on the design of the embankment.
- (3) Appurtenant Structures. No design data are available on the appurtenant structures.
- 2.2 Construction. Available records indicate the dam was constructed in 1901 by the original owner, Reynoldsville Water Company. No information was found relative to the manner in which the embankment was constructed.
- 2.3 Operation. There are no formal operating records maintained for the dam.
- 2.4 Other Investigations. None reported.

2.5 Evaluation

a. Availability. The available information was provided by PennDER. A design drawing provided by the owner was reviewed to obtain additional information.

b. Adequacy

- (1) Hydrology and Hydraulics. The available information consists of the design capacity of the spillway. This information is not considered to be sufficient to assess the adequacy of the spillway.
- (2) Embankment. No information is available to assess the adequacy of the design of the embankment.
- (3) Appurtenant Structures. No information is available to assess the structural adequacy of the appurtenant structures.

SECTION 3 VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 Findings

- a. General. The on-site inspection of Reynoldsville Storage Dam consisted of:
 - 1. Visual inspection of the embankment, abutments, and embankment toe.
 - Visual examination of the spillway structures and the downstream end of the outlet facilities.
 - 3. Evaluation of downstream area hazard potential.

The specific observations are illustrated in Plate 5.

b. Embankment. The general inspection of the embankment consisted of searching for indications of structural distress, such as cracks, subsidence, bulging, wet areas, seeps and boils, and observing general maintenance conditions, vegetative cover, erosion, and other surficial features.

In general, the condition of the embankment is considered to be poor. The downstream face of the dam was found to be irregular with slopes ranging between 1.5H to 1V to 2.5H to 1V. The downstream face of the dam is covered with thick brush. Swampy areas and perched water were found below the toe of the dam, suggesting the presence of underseepage through the embankment. These soft toe conditions combined with the relatively steep downstream slope of the embankment and the fact that no engineering data are available on the design of the embankment to assess its structural adequacy raise concern as to the continued integrity of the embankment as an impounding structure. Further investigation of the embankment to evaluate its integrity is considered advisable.

The crest of the dam was surveyed relative to the spillway crest elevation and it was found to be on the order of 4 feet above the spillway crest level. The embankment crest profile is illustrated in Plate 6. The downstream slopes were surveyed and were found to range between 1.5H to 1V to 2.5H to 1V.

c. Appurtenant Structures. The spillway structures were examined for deterioration and other signs of distress and obstructions that would limit flow. The spillway structures were found to be in poor condition. The concrete spillway abutment walls were found to be seriously deteriorated. Large seeps were observed along

the interface of the abutment walls and the slab forming an apron downstream from the overflow section. Seeps were also observed discharging through the cracks of the apron slab. As previously noted, the tops of the spillway abutment walls were constructed approximately two feet below the mean dam crest elevation, leaving a portion of the abutment and the embankment unprotected if the lake level were to rise to the dam crest level. Repair and restoration of the spillway structures with provisions to provide adequate erosion protection on the embankment and abutment sides of the spillway above the spillway wall level are required.

The downstream end of the outlet pipe was observed and was found to be partially covered with silt and debris, indicating that the outlet pipe has not been operated for some time. The operation of the outlet pipe valve was not observed.

- d. Reservoir Area. A map review and visual observations indicate that the watershed is predominantly covered by woodlands and pasturelands. No signs of landslide activity in the vicinity of the reservoir were found. A review of the regional geology is included in Appendix F.
- e. Downstream Channel. Below the dam, the stream flows into the reservoir of a downstream dam. The downstream dam consists of an earth embankment approximately 20 feet high and impounding a reservoir with a surface area of about 2 acres at normal pool level. Further downstream, Pitchpine Run flows through residential areas of Reynoldsville, discharging into the city sewer system. A further description of the downstream conditions is included in Section 1.2d.
- 3.2 Evaluation. The overall condition of the dam is considered to be poor. Further investigation of the integrity of the embankment and implementation of necessary measures to repair and restore the spillway facilities is recommended.

SECTION 4 OPERATIONAL FEATURES

- 4.1 Procedure. There are no formal operating procedures for the dam. As it presently exists, the reservoir is normally maintained at the crest level of the uncontrolled spillway.
- 4.2 Maintenance of the Dam. The visual observations indicate that the only maintenance operation consists of occasional mowing of the grass on the crest of the dam. The downstream face of the dam is covered with thick brush.
- 4.3 Maintenance of Operating Facilities. According to the dam tender, the outlet facilities have not been operated in the past five to six years. Since the operational condition of the outlet pipe valve was questionable, no attempt to operate the valve was made by the owner.
- 4.4 Warning System. No formal warning system exists for the dam. Telephone communication facilities are available via residences in the vicinity of the dam.
- 4.5 Evaluation. The visual observations indicate that the dam has not been adequately maintained. After the restoration of the dam, development of a formal maintenance plan is recommended.

SECTION 5 HYDRAULICS AND HYDROLOGY

5.1 Evaluation of Features

- a. Design Data. Reynoldsville Storage Dam has a watershed of 0.62 square mile and impounds a reservoir with a surface area of 2.8 acres at normal pool level. The flood discharge facilities consist of an open channel spillway located near the left abutment. The overflow section of the spillway is approximately 25 feet wide and has an available freeboard of about 2.3 feet deep relative to the top of the spillway abutment walls and about 4 feet relative to the top of the embankment. In line with the overflow section, a concrete wall extends approximately 10 feet from each side of the spillway into the embankment and the abutment. Based on the available freeboard to the top of the spillway abutment walls, the spillway capacity was estimated to be 236 cfs. The capacity calculation is included in the computer output in Appendix D.
- b. Experience Data. As previously stated, Reynoldsville Storage Dam is classified as a small dam in the high hazard category. Under the recommended criteria for evaluating emergency spillway discharge capacity, such impoundments are required to pass half to full PMF. Considering the high downstream hazard potential, the upper limit of the recommended range is considered to be applicable to this dam.

The PMF inflow hydrograph for the reservoir was determined utilizing the Dam Safety Version of the HEC-1 computer program developed by the Hydrologic Engineering Center of the U.S. Army, Corps of Engineers. The data used for the computer analysis are presented in Appendix D. The one-half PMF and full PMF inflow hydrographs were found to have peak flows of 449 and 899 cfs, respectively. Computer input and summary of computer output for the PMF analysis are included in Appendix D.

- c. <u>Visual Observations</u>. No conditions were observed that would indicate the capacity of the spillway would be significantly reduced in the event of a flood.
- d. Overtopping Potential. Various percentages of the PMF inflow hydrograph were routed through the reservoir, and it was found that the spillway can pass 20 percent of the PMF without overtopping the spillway abutment walls. For 50 percent of the PMF, it was found that the spillway abutment walls would be overtopped for a duration of 8.3 hours with a maximum depth of about 0.9 foot. For full PMF, the overtopping duration would be 10.5 hours and the depth 1.9 foot.

e. Spillway Adequacy. The spillway was found to pass 20 percent of the PMF, which is significantly less than the required spillway capacity of full PMF. Further, based on visual observations and a dam breach analysis, it was estimated that overtopping failure of the dam would significantly increase the downstream hazard to loss of life and property damage from that which would exist just before overtopping failure. The results of the dam breach analysis are included in Apppendix D. The results indicate that flood stages in the potential damage area would be raised by about 2 feet due to a dam failure which is considered to be a significant increase in damage potential. Therefore, the spillway is classified to be seriously inadequate.

1.

SECTION 6 STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 Evaluation of Structural Stability

a. Visual Observations

- (1) Embankment. As discussed in Section 3, concern exists as to the continued integrity of the embankment in view of the steep downstream slopes and swampy areas below the toe of the dam which may affect the stability of the embankment. Further investigation of the stability of the embankment is recommended.
- (2) Appurtenant Structures. The spillway structures were found to be in poor condition with extensive concrete deterioration and underseepage. Repair and restoration of the spillway structures and implementation of necessary measures to control the underseepage are considered to be advisable.

b. Design and Construction Data

- (1) Embankment. The available information includes no design data to aid in the assessment of the structural stability of the embankment. It appears that the dam was designed as a homogeneous embankment. In the available information, no reference was found to indicate the manner in which the dam was constructed. In view of the concerns stated above, further investigation of the stability of the embankment is considered advisable.
- (2) Appurtenant Structures. No information is available to assess the structural adequacy of the appurtenant structures.
- c. Operating Records. The structural stability of the dam is not considered to be affected by the operational features of the dam.
- d. Post-Construction Changes. The existing spillway was constructed in 1941. The available information indicates no other post-construction changes.
- e. Seismic Stability. The dam is located in Seismic Zone 1, and based on visual observations, further investigations are considered required to evaluate the static stability of the dam. Therefore, the seismic stability of the dam should be evaluated in conjunction with this further study.

SECTION 7 ASSESSMENT AND RECOMMENDATIONS/REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1 Dam Assessment

a. Assessment. Based on the evaluation of the existing conditions, the condition of Reynoldsville Storage Dam is considered to be unsafe/nonemergency due to seriously inadequate spillway capacity. The condition of the dam is considered to be poor.

The spillway structures were found to be significantly deteriorated. Extensive seepage on the order of 100 to 200 gallons per minute was observed seeping through the spillway structures. The abutment walls of the spillway were constructed about 2 feet below the mean dam crest elevation, posing a potential for erosion of the embankment and the abutment in the event of large flows through the spillway. The downstream face of the dam was found to be on a steep slope (approximately 1.5H to 1V) with swampy areas at the downstream toe level of the dam. The downstream end of the outlet pipe was found to be blocked by debris and siltation, indicating that it has not been functional for some time. In view of the above deficiencies and lack of any design information, it is considered advisable that the dam be evaluated by a professional engineer to assess the structural integrity of the embankment and prepare and execute plans for the rehabilitation of the spillway structures and outlet facilities.

According to the recommended criteria, small dams in the high hazard category are required to pass from 50 percent to full probable maximum flood (PMF). In view of the downstream damage potential, the upper limit of the recommended range is considered to be applicable to this dam. The flood discharge capacity was evaluated according to the recommended criteria and was found to pass 20 percent of the PMF without overtopping the abutment walls of the spillway. Because the spillway capacity is less than 50 percent of the PMF and it is estimated that an overtopping failure of the dam would significantly increase the downstream hazard of loss of life compared to that which would exist just before failure, the spillway is considered to be seriously inadequate.

- b. Adequacy of Information. Available information, in conjunction with visual observations and the previous experience of the inspectors, is considered to be sufficient to make the following recommendations.
- c. Urgency. The following recommendations should be implemented immediately or on a continuing basis.

- d. Necessity for Additional Data. In view of the conditions described above, the owner should retain a professional engineer to conduct additional studies to investigation the stability of the dam and prepare and implement plans to provide adequate spillway capacity.
- 7.2 Recommendations/Remedial Measures. It is recommended that the following recommendations be implemented immediately or on a continuing basis:
 - 1. The owner should immediately retain an experienced professional engineer to conduct additional studies and to prepare and execute plans for the repair and restoration of the spillway structures and to evaluate the integrity of the embankment as a water retention structure. Repairs and restoration and additional studies should include, but not be limited to, the following work:
 - a. Conduct additional detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies to determine the nature and extent of improvements required to provide adequate spillway capacity.
 - b. Evaluate the structural integrity of the embankment in view of the steep down-stream slope and swampy areas at the toe level of the embankment.
 - c. Evaluate the operational condition of the outlet pipe and conduct necessary maintenance. Also, a means should be developed to provide upstream control to all pipes through the embankment.
 - d. Evaluate the need to provide erosion protection such as riprap on the upstream face of the dam.
 - Around-the-clock surveillance should be provided during unusually heavy runoff and a formal warning system should be developed to alert the downstream residents in the event of emergencies.
 - The dam and appurtenant structures should be inspected regularly and a formal maintenance manual should be developed for future maintenance of the dam.

APPENDIX A
CHECKLIST
VISUAL INSPECTION
PHASE I

APPENDIX A

O

CHECKLIST VISUAL INSPECTION PHASE I

NAME OF DAM	NAME OF DAM Reynoldsville Storage Dam	COUNTY Jefferson STATE Pennsylvania ID#	Q
FYPE OF DAM Earth	Earth	HAZARD CATEGORY High	
DATE(S) INSP	DATE(S) INSPECTION April 23, 1980	WEATHER	
POOL ELEVATI	POOL ELEVATION AT TIME OF INSPECTION 1451.6	1451.6 M.S.L. TAILWATER AT TIME OF INSPECTION 1340+ M.S.L.	_
INSPECTION PERSONNEL:		REVIEW INSPECTION PERSONNEL: (April 30, 1980)	
B. Erel		E. D'Appolonia	
W. T. Chan		L. D. Andersen	
		J. H. Poellot	
OWNER'S REP	OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE:	B. Erel	
Foreman of	Foreman of the Water Authority.	B. Erel RECORDER	

Page Al of 9

VISUAL INSPECTION PHASE I EMBANKHENT

O

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SURPACE CRACKS	None	
UNUSUAL HOVENENT OR CRACKING AT OR BEYOND THE TOE	None	
SLAUGHING OR EROSION OF EMBANTMENT AND ABUTHENT SLOPES	None	
VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT OF THE CREST	See Plate 6 for dam crest profile.	
RIPRAP PAILURES	The upstream slope has no erosion protection.	The upstresm slope of the dam should be provided with adequate erosion protection.

Page A2 of 9

VISUAL INSPECTION PHASE I EMBANCHENT

O

_					
BENARKS OF RECOMMENDATIONS					
EMBANIQUENT ORSEBUATIONS	No signs of distress.	There are swampy areas and ponded water below the toe of the dam. However, no isolated point of seepage was located.	None	None	
TO NOTATION OF	JUNCTION OF EMBANICHENT AND ABUTHENT, SPILLMAY AND DAM	ANY NOTICEABLE SEEPAGE	STAFF GACE AND RECORDER	DRAINS	

Page A3 of 9

VISUAL INSPECTION
PHASE I
OUTLET WORKS

O

REMARKS OR RECORDERINATIONS			an earth channel	downstream end by debris and	ed by a valve ream toe of the as not observed.
OBSERVATIONS	Only the downstresm end of the 24-inch cast-iron blow-off pipe was visible.	Submerged (unknown).	The outlet pipe directly discharges into an earth channel	There is no defined outlet channel. The downstream end of the outlet pipe is partially blocked by debris and siltation.	Flow through the outlet pipe is controlled by a valve located in a valve chamber at the downstream toe of the dam. The operation of the outlet pipe was not observed.
VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	CRACKING AND SPALLING OF CONCRETE SURFACES IN OUTLET CONDUIT	INTAKE STRUCTURE	OUTLET STRUCTURE	OUTLET CHANNEL	PHERGENCY GATE

VISUAL INSPECTION PHASE I UNCATED SPILLMAY

O

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF CONCRETE WEIR	OBSERVATIONS The concrete weir is in poor condition. There is	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS Further investigation of the seepage condition and imple-
		mentation of necessary corrective measures are recommended.
APPROACH CHARREL	Lake	
DISCRANCE CHANNEL	Earth channel. In fair condition.	
BRIDGE AND PIERS	None	

VISUAL INSPECTION PHASE I CATED SPILLMAY

REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS					
OBSERVATIONS	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	CONCRETE SILL Not .	APROACH CHANNEL. Not a	DISCHARGE CHANNEL Hot a	MOE PIERS	GATES AND OPERATION ROL -

Page A6 of 9

(

VISUAL INSPECTION PHASE I INSTRUMENTATION

THE FROMENIAL LON	AATION OF REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS	I/SUNTYS Hone	PELLS None	None	Rone	None
	VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	HOMBRESTAT TON / SURVETS	OBSERVATION VELLS	WIRS	PIRZONETERS	отнея

Page A7 of 9

VISUAL INSPECTION

O

	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS	·			
RESERVOIR	ORSERVATIONS	Centle to moderately steep. No significant shoreline erosion was noted.	The reservoir appears to be significantly silted.	Kone	
	VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	\$2 4 015	SED INENT AT LON	OPSTREAM RESERVOIRS	

Page A8 of 9

VISUAL INSPECTION PHASE I DOMNSTREAM CHANNEL

REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS				
ORSERVATIONS	Downstream channel is in fair condition.	No features pertinent to the safety of the dam.	Below the dam, Pitchpine Run flows through residential areas of Reynoldsville. The business district of the town is also within the potential flood plain. Number of houses: more than 20. Population: approximately 100 to 200.	
VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	COMDITION (OBSTRUCTIONS, DEBRIS, ETC.)	STOLES	APPROXIMATE NUMBER OF NONES AND POPULATION	

Page A9 of 9

APPENDIX B

CHECKLIST
ENGINEERING DATA
DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION
AND HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC
PHASE I

O

APPENDIX B
CHECKLIST
ENGINEERING DATA
DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION
PHASE I

NAME OF DAM Reynoldeville Storage

1D# NDI 1.D. PA-1130 DER 1.D. 33-5

ITER	REMARKS
AS-BUILT DRAWINGS	No as-built drawings are available. Drawings showing the 1941 construction of the spillway are included in Commonwealth files.
REGIONAL VICINITY MAP	See Plate 1.
COMSTRUCTION HISTORY	The dam was designed by a local engineer, Mr. G. Mellinger, a surveyor from Reynoldsville, Pennsylvania, and constructed by the original owner, the Reynoldsville Water Company, with completion in 1901.
TYPICAL SECTIONS OF DAM	See Plate 2.
OUTLETS - PLAN - DETAILS - CONSTRAINTS - DISCHARGE RATINGS	None available.

CHECKLIST
EMCINFERING DATA
DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION
PHASE I

(_)

1194	RPMARKS
RAINFALL/RESERVOIR RECORDS	Not maintained
DESIGN REPORTS	None prepared
GEOLOGY REPORTS	None prepared
DESIGN COMPUTATIONS WYDNOLOGY & WYDNAULICS DAM STABILITY SELFACE STUDIES	None available
HATERIALS INVESTICATIONS BONTING RECORDS LABORATORY FIELD	None reported

Page B2 of 5

CHECKLIST
ENCINEERING DATA
DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION
PHASE I

O

11.04	REMARKS
POST CONSTRUCTION SURVEYS OF DAM	None reported
BORROW SOURCES	Unknown
MONTITORING SYSTEMS	None
HODIFICATIONS	The existing spillway was constructed in 1941.
HIGH POOL NECONDS	Not recorded

Page B3 of 5

CHECKLIST
ENGINEERING DATA
DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION
PHASE I

(:

1198	REMARKS
POST CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING STUDIES AND REPORTS	None reported
PRIOR ACCIDENTS OR FAILURE OF DAM DESCRIPTION REPORTS	None reported
MAINTERANCE OPERATION RECONDS	Not maintained
SPILLMAY PLAM SECTIONS DETAILS	See Plate 4.
OPERATING EQUIPMENT PLANS AND DETAILS	Not available

Page B4 of 5

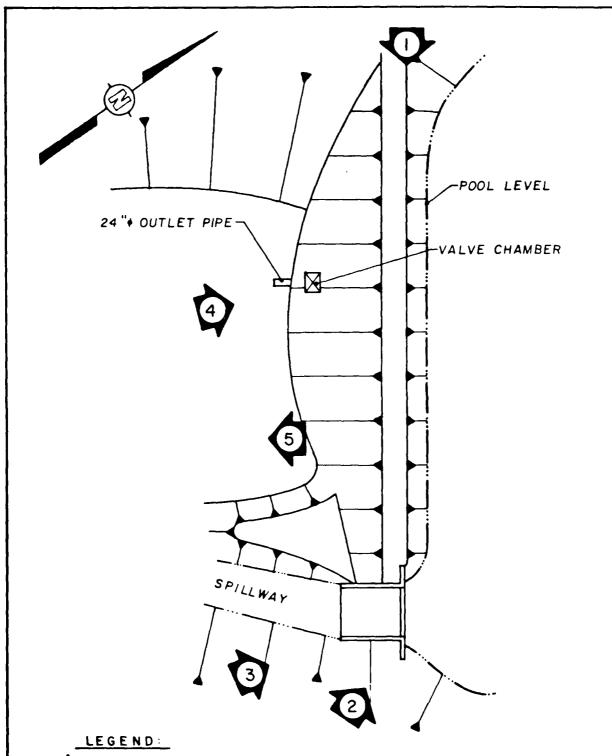
CHECKLIST ENGINEERING DATA HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC

DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS: 0.62 square mile (woodlands)
ELEVATION, TOP OF NORMAL POOL AND STORAGE CAPACITY: 1452 (61 acre-feet)
ELEVATION, TOP OF FLOOD CONTROL POOL AND STORAGE CAPACITY: 1455.8 (67 acre-feet)
ELEVATION, MAXIMUM DESIGN POOL: 1455.8
ELEVATION, TOP OF DAM: 1445.8 (measured low spot; design elevation unknown)
SPILLWAY:
a. Elevation 1452
b. Type Concrete overflow section
c. Width 25 feet (perpendicular to flow)
d. Length Not applicable
e. Location Spillover Adjacent to spillway
f. Number and Type of Gates None
OUTLET WORKS:
a. Type 24-inch cast-iron blow-off pipe
b. Location Center of embankment
c. Entrance Inverts Unknown
d. Exit Inverts 1340±
e. Emergency Drawdown Facilities 24-inch blow-off pipe
HYDROMETEOROLOGICAL GAGES:
a. Type None
b. Location None
c. Records None
MAXIMUM NONDAMAGING DISCHARGE: 230+ cfs existing spillway capacity

APPENDIX C
PHOTOGRAPHS

LIST OF PHOTOGRAPHS REYNOLDSVILLE STORAGE DAM NDI I.D. PA-1130 DER I.D. 33-5 APRIL 23, 1980

PHOTOGRAPH NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	Upstream face (looking east).
2	Spillway and dam crest (looking west).
3	Spillway (note deteriorating concrete)
4	Outlet (partially blocked).
5	Downstream reservoir (looking down- stream from the crest of Storage Dam).
6	Pitchpine Run at Reynoldsville (approximately 3/4 mile downstream).





INDICATES DIRECTION IN WHICH PHOTOGRAPH WAS TAKEN.

REYNOLDSVILLE STORAGE DAM KEY PLAN OF PHOTOGRAPHS FIELD INSPECTION DATE: APR 23,1980

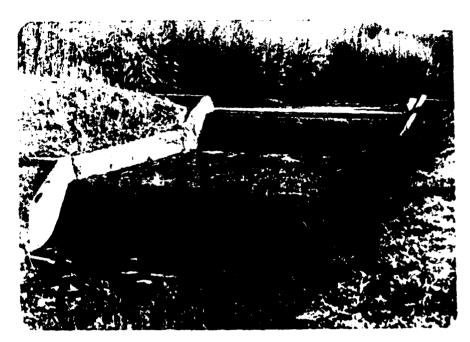
LIZIPADIADNEL



Photograph No. 1
Upstream face (looking east).



Photograph No. 2
Spillway and dam crost (looking west).



Photograph No. 3
Spillway (note deteriorating concrete).



Photograph No. 4
Outlet (partially blocked).



Photograph No. 5

 ${\rm Dewnstream}$ reservoir (looking downstream from the crest of Storage Dam).



Photograph No. 6

Pit Torne Rum at Resnoldsville Capproximately (1) (1) downstream).

APPENDIX D
HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULICS ANALYSES

HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS DATA BASE

NAME OF DAM: Reynoldsville Storage Dam

(NDI I.D. PA-1130)

PROBABLE MAXIMUM PRECIPITATION (PMP) = 23.4 INCHES/24 HOURS (1)

STATION	1	2	3	4	5
Station Description	Lake	Dam			
Drainage Area (square miles)	0.62	-			
Cumulative Drainage Area (square miles)	0.62	0.62			-
Adjustment of PMF for Drainage Area (I)					
6 Hours	116	-			
12 Houre	126	-			
24 Hours	141	-			
48 Hours	151	-			
72 Hours	-	-			
Snyder Hydrograph					
Parameters (3)		ĺ		1	
Zone (3)	24A	-			
$C_{\rm p}/C_{\rm t}$ (5)	0.45/4.2	-			İ
[(miles) (5)	1.3	-			1
L _{ca} (miles) (5)	0.6	-			ł
$t_p^{ca} - C_t(L \cdot L_{ca})^{0.3}$ (hours)	3.9				
Spillway Data					
Crest Length (ft)	-	25			ĺ
Freeboard (ft)	-	2.1			
Discharge Coefficient	-	3.1(6)			
Exponent	-	1.5			

⁽¹⁾ Hydrometeorological Report 33 (Figure 1), U.S. Army, Corps of Engineers, 1956.

STORAGE VS. ELEVATION

ELEVATION .	AN, PRET	AREA (1)	A VOLUME (2)	STORAGE (ACRE-PRET)
1452 ⁽³⁾		2.8	35.8	0
1460		6.4	} ·· ·	35.8
į	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

⁽¹⁾Planimetered from USGS maps.

⁽¹⁾ Hydrometeorological Report 33 (Figure 2), U.S. Army, Corps of Engineers, 1956.

⁽³⁾ Hydrological zone defined by Corps of 'ngineers, Baltimore District, for determining Snyder's coefficients (C_p and C_t).

(4) Snyder's Coefficients.

 $[\]frac{(5)}{L}$ = Length of longest water course from outlet to basin divide.

Length of water course from outlet to point opposite the centroid of drainage area.

⁽⁶⁾ Cm Assumed based on field observations.

⁽²⁾ $\Delta \text{Volume} = \Delta H/3 (A_1 + A_2 + \sqrt{A_1 A_2})$.

⁽³⁾ Normal pool elevation.

PLDD HYDOGRAPH PACHAGE (HGC-1)
ANI BAFTY VERSICH JALV 1978
ANI TROSPITATION OL ANI BO
CONTROL TROSPITATION OL ANI BO

THE THE LOCAL LEGISLA COL TO THE THE THE COLLAND TO THE		4	Ž	BNYDER UNIT HYDROGRAPH, DVERTOPPING AND DOUBSTREAM	HYDROG	RAPH. DV	ERTOPPI	2	8	1940	3	ROUTING ANALYBES	3	Ž.		
200 0 10 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		5 5		20%, 25%	30%; 30	AL SOLLA		2 ≥ 8	9 2 2	N S			9	ŗ	5	
0.20 0.25 0.30 0.30 0.30 0.30 0.70 0.80 1.00 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.30 0.3	_		2	•	9	•			°	3	•	•		1		۰
0.00 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.30 0.30 0.30 0.00 0.70 0.80 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.2	_	i.	.								ı	,		•		,
0.20 0.23 0.30 0.30 0.39 0.00 0.10 0.20 1.00 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20		ح	_	٠	-											
23 9 116 126 141 151 1.0 00 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0		7 5	2 (£.	8	8	0		3		2	9	-	8		
2. 9 0.43 1.4 124 141 151 1.0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0		.	,	- 1	1				į		-					
22.5 116 126 141 151 1.0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0		i =	Š.		6				ĭ		Ž		ž			
1.0 0.43 1.0 0.43 1.0 0.43 1.0 0.63 1.0 0.					1 =	104	3 3		Ē					-		
1.0 -0.05 2.0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1)	}					9	8				•
1 2 8 6 4 1432.0 1 2 8 6 4 4 1432.0 1 3 8 6 4 4 1432.0 1 434.0 1432.0 1440.0 1 434.0 1432.0 1440.0 1 5 8 1 1434.1 1 8 8 11 1 9 8 11 1 9 8	•	***	9	0. 43								3			3	•
MOUTING FLOW THROUGH NEYNOLDEVILLE DAN (UPPER DAN) 1	_	7	_	8	0											
MOUTING FLOW THROUGH NETYICLE DAM (UPPER DAM) 1 2 8 6 4 1434.0 25.0 3.400 1.5 1434.1 2.70 1.5 215.0 1434.1 2.70 1.5 215.0 1434.1 2.70 1.5 215.0 1434.1 2.70 1.5 215.0 1434.1 2.70 1.5 215.0 1434.1 2.70 1.5 215.0 1434.1 1454.3 1459.4 1459.8 1459.0 1457.1 1 3 9.0 1450.0 1.5 215.0 1434.0 1450.0 1.5 215.0 1434.0 1.5 2.5 1457.7 1457.8 1458.0 1459.7 1434.0 1450.0 1450.0 1450.0 1450.0 1450.0 1450.0 1450.0 1435.0 1450.0 1		=	_	æ							-					
133. 0 1452. 0 1440. 0 1.9 1494. 0 1452. 0 1440. 0 1.9 1494. 1 22. 0 1440. 0 1.9 1494. 1 27 0 1.9 1494. 1 27 0 1.9 1494. 1 27 0 1.9 1494. 1 1499. 4 1499. 0 1499. 0 1490. 0 1213. 0 1494. 1 1499. 4 1499. 4 1499. 9 1499. 0 1499. 0 213. 0 1494. 1 1499. 1 1499. 4 1499. 9 1499. 0 1499. 0 1499. 1 1.0 1494. 1 1499. 1 1499. 0	_	2	Ş	2 SE	3		DL DBVIL	7	₹	THE STATE	Ŝ					
1436.0 1432.0 1440.0 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		> 1				-	-									
1494. 0 1452. 0 1440. 0 1.5 1494. 0 22. 0 1440. 0 13. 0 13. 0 1450. 0 1450. 0 1457. 1 1494. 1 2 70			-	(•					-143	o ni					
1484. 1 2.70 1.3 213.0 1.5 1484. 1 2.70 1.3 213.0 1.5 1484. 1 2.70 1.3 213.0 1.5 1484. 1 2.70 1.3 213.0 1.5 1484. 1 2.70 1.3 213.0 1.5 1484. 1 2.70 1.3 213.0 1.5 1484. 1 1483. 8 1483. 7 1483. 0 1483. 1 1483. 7 1483. 1 1483. 7 1483. 1 1483. 7 1483. 1 1483. 7 1483. 1 1483. 7 1483. 1 1483. 7 1483. 1 1483. 7 1483. 1 1483. 7 1483. 1 1483. 0 1483. 0 1483. 0 1483. 0 1483. 0 1483. 0 1483. 0 1483. 0 1483. 0 1833. 0 1833. 0 1833. 0 1833. 0 1833. 0 1833. 0 1833. 0 1833. 0 1833. 0 1833. 0 1833. 0 1833. 0 1833. 0 1833. 0 1843		5 i			4 6											
1.0			_		9											
# 0 20 0 34.0			N D =	8 6	0.	n (
1 1494, 1 1494, 2 1493, 4 1493, 9 1493, 0 1497, 1 1 1494, 2 1493, 0 1497, 1 1 1494, 2 1493, 0 1497, 1 1 1494, 0 1497, 1 1 1 1494, 0 1497, 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			. (, ? ?		9					,					
1			:	> r	.		2		0	•	o .					
1.0 3.81 -1.434.0 1.8 -1434.0 -1434.0 1.					•		.0041		e e							
1.0 5.81 1.0 5.81 1.0 5.81 1.0 5.81 1.0 5.81 1.0 5.82 1.0 6.82 1.0 7.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 0.043 1.0		. 3	5	300			1000	4	3		- į					
1.0 0.043 0.043 1.0 0.043 1.400 0.0 0.043 0.0 0.043 0.0 0.043 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.		_						.	;		Ì					
1.0 5.91 1.434.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.3 2.0 1.1 5.253.0 1.437.4 2.0 1.2 2.253.0 1.437.4 2.0 1.2 2.253.0 1.437.4 2.0 1.2 2.253.0 1.437.2 1.437.7 1.437.8 1.438.2 1.439.7 1.437.2 1.437.7 1.437.8 1.438.2 1.439.7 1.437.2 1.437.7 1.437.8 1.438.2 1.439.7 1.437.2 1.437.8 1.438.2 1.439.7 1.437.2 1.437.8 1.438.2 1.439.7 1.437.2 1.437.8 1.438.2 1.438.2 1.439.7 1.437.8 1.437.8 1.438.2 1.438.7 1.437.8 1.437.8 1.438.2 1.438.7 1.437.8 1.438		=	_)				-143	0					
1438. 0 1440.0 10.0 10.0 1.3 235.0 18.0 90.0 140.0 190.0 245.0 255.0 1887. 4 1437.3 1437.8 1438.2 1439.7 14387.4 1437.7 1437.8 1438.2 1439.7 14387.4 1437.7 1437.8 1438.2 1439.7 1 1 1 1 0.043 0.045 0.043 1420.0 1440.0 220.0 1440 0 300.0 1440.0 1440.0 1392.0 1440 0 2640 0 010604 0.043 0.043 0.043 1392.0 1440 0 2640 0 010604 0.043 0.043 0.043 1392.0 1440 0 2640 0 010604 0.044 0.043 0.043 1392.0 1440 0 2640 0 010604 0.044 0.043 0.043 1392.0 1440 0 2640 0 010604 0.044 0.043 0.043 1392.0 1440 0 2640 0 010604 0.044 0.043 0.043 1392.0 1440 0 2640 0 010604 0.044 0.045 0.043 0.043 1392.0 1440 0 300 0 1392.0 320.0			•	5. 91						!	•					
1494. 6 20.0 1.3 239. 0 249.0 239.0 1497. 1 1437. 8 1438. 2 1439. 7 1 1437. 8 1438. 2 1439. 7 1 1437. 8 1438. 2 1439. 7 1 1437. 8 1438. 2 1439. 7 1 1437. 8 1438. 2 1439. 7 1 1437. 8 1438. 2 1439. 7 1 1437. 8 1438. 2 1439. 7 1 1437. 8 1438. 2 1439. 7 1 1437. 8 1438. 2 1439. 7 1 1439. 7 1 1439. 7 1 1439. 7 1 1439. 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	•	£162.	20	0.09												
18.0 ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **			•	90.0	3. 10	n										
18.0 90.0 140.0 190.0 243.0 233.0 140.0 140.0 140.0 243.0 233.0 140.0 140.0 140.0 140.0 243.0 233.0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	•	1	•		c .	255.0										
1487.4 1437.3 1437.7 1437.8 1438.2 1439.7 1 CHAMBEL ROUTING UBING MODIFIED PULB 1	•	4 5 	•	٥		90.0	243.0		0							
CHANGEL ROUTING UBING PRODIFIED PILES 1 1 1 10.043 0.049 0.049 1420 0 1480 0 1036.0 001894 0.0 1480.0 110.0 1440.0 220.0 1440 0 300.0 1420.0 380.0 720.0 1440.0 850.0 1440.0 950.0 1480	•	3	Ξ.	•		1437	1438.2		2							
COMMEN, MOUTING UBING MODIFIED PULB 1 1 1 1 1 0.049 0.049 0.049 1420 0 1480 0 1036 0 001894 0.0 1480 0 110.0 1440 0 950 0 1480 0 1420 0 980.0 720.0 1440 0 830.0 1440 0 950 0 1480 0 1 1 5 CHANNEL MOUTING UBING MODIFIED PULB 1 1 0.049 0.049 0.049 1392 0 1440 0 2640 0 010604 0 0 1440 0 100.0 1420 0 230.0 1440 0 900 0 1392 0 920.0 999	•	.	_	•							-					
1 0.043 0.045 0.043 1420 0 1480 0 1036 0 001894 0 900 0 1420 0 900 0 1420 0 900 0 1420 0 900 0 1420 0 900 0 1420 0 900 0 1420 0 900 0 1420 0 900 0 1420 0 900 0 1420 0 900 0 1420 0 900 0 1420 0 900 0 1420 0 900 0 1420 0 900 0 1420 0 900 0 1420 0 900 0 1420 0 900 0 1420 0 900 0 1420 0 900 0 1440 0 900 0 1420 0 900 0 1420 0 900 0 1440 0 900 0 900 0 1440 0 900 0		7	3				IFIED P	3								
0.043 0.043 0.043 1420.0 1480.0 1056 0.001894 0.0 1480.0 110.0 1440.0 220.0 1440 0 300.0 1420.0 380.0 720.0 1440.0 890.0 1440.0 990.0 1480 0 1 CHANGEL ROUTING USING HODIFIED PULS 1 1 1 0.043 0.043 1372.0 1440 0 2640 0 010604 0.0 1440 0 100.0 1420.0 230.0 1440 0 300.0 1372.0 520.0 700.0 1440 0 100.0 1420.0 1200.0 1440 0 300.0 1372.0 520.0		. 5					~									
720.0 1460.0 10.00 1460.0 1290.0 1490.0 1420.0 300.0 1420.0 300.0 1420.0 300.0 1420.0 300.0 1420.0 300.0 1420.0 300.0 1420.0 300.0 1420.0 300.0 1420.0 300.0 1420.0 300.0 1420.0 300.0 1420.0 300.0 1420.0 300.0 1420.0 300.0 1420.0 300.0 1420.0 300.0 1440.0 300.0 1420.0 320.0 420.0 1440.0 300.0 1420.0 320.0 420.0 1440.0 300.0 1420.0 320.0 420.0 1440.0 300.0 1420.0 320.0 42	-	Š							•		į					
720.0 1440.0 850.0 1440.0 950.0 1480.0 1420.0 1420.0 380.0 1 1420.0 1440.0 1440.0 1440.0 120.0 1440.0 1420.0 1420.0 1440.0 1440.0 1420.0 1420.0 1440.0 1440.0 1420.0 1420.0 1440.0 1440.0 1420.0 1440.	•	Š	•						9 9	•			i			
1 5 CHAMBEL ROUTING USING MODIFIED PULS 1 1 1 0.045 0.045 0.045 1392.0 1440 0 2640 0 010604 0 0 1440 0 100.0 1420.0 250.0 1400 0 500.0 1392.0 520.0							5 5					9			9	0
CHANNEL ROUTING UBING MODIFIED PULB 1 1 1 0.043 0.043 0.043 1392.0 1440 0 2640 0.010604 0.0 1440 0 100.0 1420.0 250.0 1400 0 500 0 1392.0 520.0 700 0 1400.0 900 0 1420 0 1200 0 1440 0																
0.043 0.043 0.043 1392.0 1440 0.2640 0.010604 0.0 1440 0.100.0 1420.0 230 0.1400 0.300.0 1392.0 320.0 700 0.1400.0 900 0.1420 0.1200 0.1440 0		=	4		31. 041.7	91	e de les				•					
1 0.043 0.043 0.043 1392.0 1440 0 2640 0 010606 0.0 1440 0 100 0 1420.0 230.0 1400 0 300.0 1392.0 320.0 700 0 1400.0 900 0 1420 0 1200 0 1440 0								ş								
0.043 0.043 0.043 1392.0 1440 0 2640 0.010604 0.0 1440 0.100.0 1420.0 250.0 1400 0.500.0 1392.0 520.0 700 0.1400.0 900 0.1420 0.1200 0.1440 0						•	-									
0.0 1440 0 100.0 1420.0 230 0 1460 0 300 0 1392.0 520.0 700 0 1400.0 900 0 1420 0 1200 0 1440 0		0 0				1392 0	1440		9		ş					
700 0 1400 0 900 0 1420 0 1200 0 1440 0		2				1420 0	230		9	•		0 0	Š		200	_
		V7 700				1420	000		9 9							,
	_	6							?							

COMPUTER INPUT: OVERTOPPING ANALYSIS

PAGE D2 OF 12

PEAN FLOW AND STORAGE (END OF PERIOD) SUPPLARY FOR MALTIPLE PLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS
FLOWS IN THE PECONO (CONTOURNE MALTER PECONO)
AREA TO SELECT PER PECONO (MALTER PER PECONO)

(:

			_	MEA IN BE	NAME HILES	BOUARE MILES (SOUARE MILCHETERS)	(LOMETERS)					
OPERATION	BTAT ION	MEA	Ž	AATEO 1 20	AATIO 2		RATIOS APPLIED TO FLOMB RATIO 3 RATIO 4 RATIO 5 30 50 55	LOWB RATIO 5	8ATIO 6	RATIO 6 RATIO 7	RATIO B	#A710 •
HETBEGGRAPH AT	- ~	3 3	-~	96	229	270	12 7210	494 13 491 (939.	17.010	714.	£ Î
OT GETVOR	•	3 3	~~	178 9 05) (223	268 7 99) (12 69)(493	338. 15 23) (17. 73 (67. 71	716 8. 89	3.5
ACUTED TO	'n	3 =	_~~	9.00	223	26.8 7 36) (447	492	537 15, 21) (17.771	717.	\$ 3
60 UTED TO	• ~	3 🚉	" "	178 8.04) (223	268 7 57) (447	492.	537 15, 21) (627. 17. 76) (717. 86. 36) C	3.3
MOUTED TO	. ~	3 🚉	- ~	177 5 03) (222	7.367	12 64)	491.	536 15, 18) (626. 17. 72) (3 . 8 . 8 .	8

FLOOD ROUTING SUMMARY
PAGE D3 OF 12

BUTTANY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYBIB

7

	TIME OF FAILUME HOUME	88888888
1434 10 1434 10 27: 27: 236:	TINE OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	0 0 4 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
8P 1LLMAY CREST 1452 00 21.	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFB	178. 223. 268. 448. 448. 449. 449. 449. 420. 718.
VALUE 00 21 0.	HAXIMUN STORAGE AC-FT	3633333635
INITIAL VALUE 1452 DO 21 0	HAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	984224488 48424488
ELEVATION STORAGE OUTFLON	RESERVOIR N B ELEV	1493 74 1494 02 1494 27 1499 19 1499 19 1499 29 1499 29 1499 79
	A 9 F	2822788832

OVERTOPPING ANALYSIS (REYNOLDSVILLE STORAGE DAM - UPPER DAM)

PAGE D4 OF 12

	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS	8	_	_	-	_	_		_	8	
1437 40 7.7 383.	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	8	2	3	3	2	5	43 47	13 67	43.67	
	DURATION DVER TOP HOURS		8							0 17	
SPILLMAY CREST 1434 00 0	MAX I MUN OUTFLOW CFB	178	223	368	447	492	337	62	717	Î	
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	HAX I HUH BTORAGE AC-FT	C	n	•	•	4	•	^	^	•	
1434 1434	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM		8					*	Ħ	6	
ELEVATION STORAGE OUTPLON	MAXINUM REBERVOIR N B. ELEV	1439 34	1439 74								
	0 6	8	£	8	2	0	3	6	8	8	

TIME HOURS	444	i !
MAX IMUN BTADE. FT	7 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -	
MAXIMUM FLOW. CFS	178 223 223 224 447 447 447 427 717	
RATIO	88888888 ~	

STATION

- N-

•	TIME	44 33			8					
STATION	MAXIMUM BTAGE, FT	1392 5	1392 6	1392 7	1393 2	1393 3	1393 4	1393 6	1393 9	1394 4
s - 37	MAXIMUM FLOW, CF8	177	222	267	446	101	336	959	713	843
5	PAT10	8	53	8	2	66	3	0	8	8

DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL ROUTING (WITHOUT DAM BREACH)

PAGE D5 OF 12

FLOOD STOROGRAPH PACKAGE (MEC-1)
BAR MARCHY MERSION JULY 1078
LAST RODRIGHTOR DI APR BO
CAST RODRIGHTOR DI APR BO

	= 3	× .	NYDER NY	DROGRAPH	OVERTOR	SATURE MIDROGRAPH, OVERTOPPING, DAR BREACH, DOUNG	BREACH,	DOUNSTRE	SAMORE MIDROGRAPH, OMERIOPPING, DAM DREACH, DOUNSTREAM BOUTING ANALYSES	S ABALY	56.5
	7	-	2, IL 5, 80	5X.30Z.5	Z 2 2 Z	70 Z VO	OK. AMB.	100 X 000			
		8		10	6	0 0 0 0 0	0	0	0	7	0
•	-	~									
•	-	-	•	-							
~ .	c 5	٥, 20	۲.2	0.30	0.50	0.55	0.60	0.70	○	9.	
• •	. :	•				10	7 40 40 50	- 1011			
• • •	; •	-	-			O. 52. Oct. oct. oct. oct. oct. oct. oct. oct. o				•	
?=	: •	•	23.5	-	126	-	151			•	
~				•	•	•	•	1.0	.03		0.00.0
13	•	3.90	6.45								
2:	-,	9.	-0.0\$	7.0				•			
5	.	- '	~					- 1			
• :	۵,			-		MODELLE PICE TROCKE RETENDINGS OF THE PARTICLE DAY	-	FER DAM			
	- :	•			•	•		0 (371-			
			^	•				9.36.			
	3	9	1452.0	1460.0							
.~	881452.0	2.0	25.03	5.13	1.5						
~~	101454.1	-	2.70	1.5	215.0						
23	=	0	20.0	34.0	0.48	150.0	195.0	215.0			
**	BV1454.1	-	1454.3	1455.4	1455.8	-	1456.0	1457.1			
52	88 150.0	0.0	0.5	1434.0	0.333	1452.0	1454.8				
9 2	_	-	_					-			
≈;	Į,	ě	941170	LOW THRO	U6# RE7	BONIES FLOW THROUGH RETROLUSMILLE DAM ILOMER DAMS	T) HVG 3	ONER DAM	_		
2	- i	•			-	•					
25	: :	- •	5					-1434.0			
	3		1440								
; 2	0.41414			-	5						
::	881437.4	,	~ . 6 0		255.0						
7.	- -	15.0	0.00	140.0	190.0	245.0	255.0				
×:	8 W1 4 3 7	7.4	1437.5	1437.7	1437.1	•	1439.7	•			
æ 1	.	- '	•		1		,	-			
	5.	J	MABREL R	941100	10# 3#15	CRABBEL ROUTING USING ROPIFIED FULLS	2				
2	-	-			•	•					
7	ö	0.045	0.045	0.45	1420.0	_	1056.0	.331894			
5:	•	0	3.084	113.0	1460.0		1440.0	200.0	1420.0	250.0	1420.0
· ·	2 ,	7.02	0.044	857.0	1460.0	4>0.0	1480.0	•			
•	<u>.</u>	- '	^ ;				•	-			
•	Ξ.	J			10M 9M1S	CHARBEL BOLLING UNING BODIFIED PURS	רַצ ב				
^	- ;	•			~	-					
•		590	0.045	5 74 0	1 402.3	1440.0	2440 0	A046.56			
-		0	1440.0	100.0	1420.0		1400.0	200-0	1392.0	\$20.0	1392.0
;	17 700.0	0.	1403.0	900.0	1423.0	-	1440.0				
3	~	ç									

COMPUTER INPUT: DAM BREACH ANALYSIS

PAGE D6 OF 12

PEAK FLOW AND STORAGE (END OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS FLOW SECOND) FLOWS IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CUBIC METERS PER SECOND) AREA IN SQUARE MILES (SQUARE KILOMETERS)

							THE THE PERSON OF THE PERSON O					
OPERATION	NOTLES	AREA	PLAN		RATI-1 1 RATIO 2	RATIOS AP RATIC 3	RATIOS APPLIED TO FLOMS RATIO 5 RATIO 6 RATIO 7 RATIO 8 RATIO 9 .53 .50 .50 1.00	LOWS RATEG 5	8A110 6	RATIO 7	8 0114 8	RATIC 9
HORDGRAPH AT	-~	1.62	-~	150.	225.	276.	12.72)(494.	539.	629.	719.	899.
80UTED 10	~ ~	1.61)	-~	178. 5.05) (2784.			
ROUTED TO	" ~	1.61)	•~	178. 5.04) (223. 6.310 (268. 7.58) (2 ⁰ 29. 57.45)(2966.	2071.	2067.	2077.	2047.
ROUTED TO	, ~	1.61)	-~	178.					1781.			
BOUTED 10	~ ~	1.61)	-~	5.03) (1334.			

FLOOD ROUTING SUMMARY (WITH DAM BREACH)

PAGE D7 OF 12

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

	TIME OF FAILURE MANA	00.00 00.00 00.00 00.00 00.00 00.00 00.00 00.00 00.00
109 OF BAN 1454.10 27. 236.	TIME OF MAK OUTFLOW MOURS	6 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
	BURATION OVER TOP MOURS	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
SPILLWAY CREST 1652.00 21. 0.	MAKINUM OUTFLOW CFS	178. 225. 225. 2008. 2827. 2833. 2848. 2948.
VALUE .00 .1.	MAKINUM Storage AC-FT	**************************************
\$ BITIAL VALUE 1452.00 21. 0.	MAKINUM DEPTM OVER DAM	00.0 71. 27. 27. 27. 47.
ELEVATION STORAGE OUTFLON	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR M.S.ELEV	1656.02 1656.02 1656.27 1656.82 1656.88 1656.88 1656.88
	RATIO PATE	22. 28. 30. 30. 30. 30. 30. 30. 30. 30. 30. 30
ž		

DAM BREACH ANALYSIS SUMMARY

PAGE D8 OF 12

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

TIRE OF FAILURE MOURE	0.00	90.0	9.6			00.0	00.0	0.00																								
TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	44.00	63.83	45.85	10.24	00.54	41.50	41.17	40.67																								
DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	00.0	0.00	0.0	?.		2,33	4.17	6.50	4	11 ME	HOURS								40.83		~										41.55	•
MAK 14UM OUT FLOW CFS	178.	223.	268		2024	2067	2077.	2087.	STATION	MAKINAM	STAGE, FT						1425.9	1465.4	1425.9		STAFION	HAXIMUM	STAGE, FT	-	_	-	_	_				1394.
MAKIMUM Storage AC-ft		m.	•		2 0		10	10.	1 141	MAN THUM	FLOW, CFS	178	225.	268.	1743.	1771.	1781.	1/88.	1815.		LAN 1	MAKIMUR	FLOW, CFS	177.	222.	267.	1303.	1333.	1334.	1327.	1354.	1337.
MAKINUM DEPTH OVER DAM	0.00	0.00	0.00		2.5	25.	1.51	1.51	ā		RATIO	5	2	30	.50	.55	09.	. 70 	20.		ā		RATIO	.20	.25	.30	.50	.55	69.	.73	.	. ·
MAKIMUM Reservoir W.S. Elev	1435.54	1435.79	1436.02	1435.65	74.58.41	00.8141	16.38.91	1438.91																								
AATIO OF PMF	07.	52.	02.	es:	66.			1.00											•													
	MAKIMUR MAKIMUM MAKIMUM MAKIMUM DURATION TIME OF RESERVOIR DEPTM STORAGE QUIFLOW OWER TOP MAX DUTFLOW W.S.ELEV OVER DAM AC-FT CFS MOURS MOURS	MAKIMUM MAKIMUM MAKIMUM MAKIMUM DURATION TIME OF RESERVOIR DEPTM STORAGE OUTFLOW OVER TOP MAK DUTFLOW W.S.ELEV OVER DAM AC-FT CFS MOURS MOURS 1435.54 0.00 3.178. 3.00 44.00	RESERVOIR DEPTM STORAGE OUFFLOW OVER TOP MAX OUTFLOW W.S.ELEV OVER DAM AC-FT CFS HOURS HOURS HOURS 1435.54 0.00 44.00 1435.79 0.00 3. 223. 0.00 43.83	RESERVOIR DEPTM STORAGE OUTFLOW OVER TOP MAX OUTFLOW U.S.ELEV OVER DAM AC-FT CFS HOURS HOURS HOURS 1435.79 0.00 3. 223. 0.00 44.00 1435.79 0.00 5. 268. 0.00 43.83	RESERVOIR BERTHUR MAKIMUM BURATION TIME OF RESERVOIR DEPTH STORAGE OUTFLOW OVER TOP MAX OUTFLOW WESELEY OVER DAM AC-FT CFS HOURS HOURS HOURS 1435.79 0.00 5. 178. 0.00 43.83 1435.02 0.00 6. 268. 0.00 43.83 1436.02 0.00 6. 268. 0.00 43.83 1436.02 0.00 6. 268. 0.00 43.83 1436.02 0.00 6. 268. 0.00 43.83 1436.02 0.00 6. 268. 0.00 43.83 1436.02 0.00 6. 268. 0.00 43.83 1436.02 0.00 6. 268. 0.00 43.83 1436.02 0.00 6. 268. 0.00 43.83 1436.02 0.00 6. 268. 0.00 43.83 1436.02 0.00 1446.00 0.00 0.00 1446.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	RESERVOIR DEPTH STORAGE OUTFLOW OVER TOP MAX OUTFLOW WESELEV OVER DAM AC-FT CFS MOURS MOURS 1435.54 0.00 3. 178. 0.00 44.00 1435.54 0.00 3. 178. 0.00 44.00 1435.54 0.00 5. 263. 0.00 44.83 1436.02 0.00 5. 263. 0.00 44.83 1436.02 0.00 5. 263. 0.00 44.83 1436.02 0.00 5. 263. 0.00 43.83 1436.02 0.00 14.	RESERVOIR DEPTH RAKIMUM MAKIMUM DURATION TIME OF RESERVOIR DEPTH STORAGE OUTFLOM OVER TOP MAX OUTFLOM U.S.ELEV OVER DAM AC-FT CFS MOURS MOURS MOURS 1435.79 0.00 3. 223. 0.00 44.00 1435.79 0.00 3. 223. 0.00 43.83 1436.02 0.00 44.00 14.50 0.00 14.88 14.88.90 1.50 10. 2050. 33 42.67 14.88.90 1.50 10. 2050. 33 42.00 14.89.90 1.50 10. 2050. 33 42.00 14.89.90 1.50 10. 2050. 33 42.00 14.89.90 1.50 10. 2050. 33 42.00 14.89.90 1.50 10. 2050. 33 42.00 14.89.90 1.50 10. 2050. 33 42.00	RESERVOIR DEPTM RAKIMUM DURATION TIME OF RESERVOIR DEPTM STORAGE OUIFLOM OVER TOP MAX OUTFLOM U.S.ELEV OVER DAM AC-FT CFS HOURS HOURS HOURS 1435.54 D.00 44.00 1435.79 D.00 5. 223. 0.00 44.00 1435.79 D.00 5. 223. 0.00 44.00 1435.79 D.00 6. 223. 0.00 44.00 1435.79 D.00 6. 223. 0.00 44.00 1435.79 1438.90 1.50 10. 2056. 33 42.67 1438.90 1.50 10. 2057. 33 42.00 1438.90 1.50 10. 2077. 4.17 41.50 1438.91 1.50 10. 2077. 4.17 41.50 1438.91	RESERVOIR DEPTH RAKIMUM BURATION TIME OF RESERVOIR DEPTH STORAGE OUFFLOM OVER TOP MAX OUTFLOW U.S.ELEV OVER DAM AC-FF CFS HOURS HOURS HOURS 1435.79 0.00 3. 223. 0.00 44.00 1435.79 0.00 3. 223. 0.00 44.00 1435.79 0.00 43.83 1438.90 1.50 10. 2629. 33 42.67 1438.90 1.50 10. 2659. 33 42.67 1438.90 1.50 10. 2657. 233 41.50 1438.91 1.51 10. 2077. 4.17 41.17 1438.91 1.51 10. 2077. 6.50 40.67	RESERVOIR DEPTH RAKIMUM DURATION TIME OF RESERVOIR DEPTH STORAGE OUIFLOM OVER TOP MAX OUTFLOW U.S.ELEV OVER DAM AC-FF CFS HOURS HOURS HOURS HOURS 1435.54 D.00 44.00 3. 223. 0.00 44.00 1435.79 D.00 3. 223. 0.00 44.00 1435.79 D.00 43.83 178. 0.00 44.00 1435.02 D.00 10. 268. 0.00 43.83 1438.02 D.00 10. 268. 0.33 42.67 1438.90 1.50 10. 2677. 33 42.07 1438.90 1.50 10. 2077. 4.17 41.50 1438.91 1.51 10. 2077. 4.17 41.50 1438.91 1.51 10. 2087. 6.50 40.67	RESERVOIR DEPTH RAKIMUM DURATION TIME OF RESERVOIR DEPTH STORAGE OUIFLOM OWER TOP MAX OUTFLOW U.S.ELEV OVER DAM AC-FF CFS HOURS HOURS HOURS HOURS 1435.54 D.00 44.00 3. 223. 0.00 44.00 1435.79 0.00 3. 223. 0.00 44.00 1435.79 0.00 43.83 1435.79 0.00 43.83 1435.79 0.00 10. 268. 0.00 44.00 1438.90 1.50 10. 268. 0.33 42.67 1438.90 1.50 10. 2671. 2571. 33 42.00 1438.90 1.50 10. 2077. 4.17 41.50 1438.91 1.51 10. 2077. 4.17 41.50 1438.91 1.51 10. 2087. 6.50 40.67 1438.91 1.51 10. 2087. 6.50 40.67	RESERVOIR DEPTH RAKIMUM BURATION TIME OF RESERVOIR DEPTH STORAGE OUIFLOM OVER TOP MAX OUTFLOW U.S.ELEV OVER DAM AC-FF CFS HOURS HARINUM HAXIMUM TIME HOURS	RESERVOIR DEPTHUR MAKIMUM DURATION TIME OF RESERVOIR DEPTHUR STORAGE OUFFLOW OWER TOP MAX DUTFLOW W.S.ELEV OVER DAM AC-FF CFS HOURS HOURS HOURS 1455.54 D.00 44.00 1455.79 D.00 3. 223. 0.00 43.83 1455.02 D.00 44.00 1455.79 D.00 43.83 1455.02 D.00 15.83 1458.90 15.50 10.0 2050. 33 42.67 1458.90 15.50 10.0 2050. 33 42.67 1458.90 15.50 10.0 2057. 33 42.67 1458.90 15.50 10.0 2057. 4.17 41.17 1458.91 15.51 10. 2077. 4.17 41.17 1458.91 15.51 10. 2077. 4.17 41.17 1458.91 15.51 10. 2087. 6.50 40.67 1458.91 15.51 10. 2087. 6.50 40.67 1458.91 15.51 10. 2087. 6.50 40.67 1458.91 15.51 10. 2087. 6.50 40.67 1458.91 15.51 10. 2087. 6.50 40.67 1458.91 15.51 10. 2087. 6.50 40.67	RESERVOIR DEPTH RAKIMUM DURATION TIME OF RESERVOIR DEPTH STORAGE OUFFLOW OVER TOP MAX DUTFLOW U.S.ELEV OVER DAM AC-FF CFS HOURS HOURS HOURS 1435.54 D.DD 3. 223. 0.00 44.00 1435.79 D.DD 3. 223. 0.00 44.00 1435.79 D.DD 3. 223. 0.00 44.00 1435.02 D.DD 43.83 1436.02 D.DD 43.83 1436.02 D.DD 43.83 1436.02 D.DD 1.50 10. 2629. 33 42.67 1436.90 1.50 10. 2677. 2.33 42.67 1436.91 1.51 10. 2087. 4.37 41.50 1436.91 1.51 10. 2087. 4.37 41.50 1436.91 1.51 10. 2087. 4.37 41.50 1436.91 1.51 10. 2087. 4.37 41.50 1436.91 1.51 10. 2087. 4.30 40.67 2087. 2.33 44.50 2087. 4.30 2087. 4.30	OF RESERVOIR DEPTH STORAGE OUTFLOW OVER TOP MAX OUTFLOW OF TOP MAX OUTFLOW OVER TOP MAX OUTFLOW OU	AATIO MAKIMUM MAKIMUM MAKITUM MAKITUM DURATION TIME OF DESERVOIR DEPTH STORAGE OUTFLOW OVER TOP MAX OUTFLOW PMF W.S.ELEV OVER DAM AC-FT CFS MOURS HOURS HOURS STABLE OF D.DO 5. 223. 0.00 44.00 43.83 1438.02 0.00 4.00 45.83 1438.02 0.00 4.00 20.00 45.83 1438.02 1438.02 1450 15.00 10. 20.00 3. 33 42.00 1438.01 15.00 10. 20.07. 33 42.00 1438.01 15.00 10. 20.07. 33 42.00 1438.01 15.51 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41.17 41.17 10. 20.07. 4.17 41	OF RESERVOIR DEPTH STORAGE OUTCLOM OVER TOP MAX OUTCOM PARF W.S.ELEV OVER DAM AC-FT CFS HOURS HOURS -20 1435.54 00.00 3. 223. 0.00 44.00 -25 1435.79 0.00 4. 268. 0.00 43.83 -20 1436.85 14.88 10. 2629. 33 42.63 -20 1438.90 150 10. 2629. 33 42.00 -20 1438.90 150 10. 2629. 33 42.00 -20 1438.90 150 10. 2677. 2.33 41.50 -20 1438.90 150 10. 2077. 4.17 -20 1438.91 151 10. 2077. 4.17 -20 1438.91 151 10. 2077. 4.17 -20 1438.91 151 10. 2077. 4.17 -20 1438.91 151 10. 2077. 4.17 -20 1438.91 151 10. 2087. 6.50 40.67 -20 1438.91 151 10. 2087. 4.10 -20 1438.91 151 10. 2087. 4.10 -20 1438.91 151 10. 2087. 4.10 -20 1438.91 151 10. 2087. 4.10 -20 1438.91 1451.4 44.00 -20 1428.81 1425.8 42.83 -20 1748.81 1425.8 42.83 -20 1748.81 1425.8 42.83	AATIO MAKIMUM MAKIMUM MAKIMUM DURATION TIME OF BEERWOIR DEPTM STORAGE OUTFLOW OVER TOP MAX OUTFLOW OVER TOP TABLES TO TABLES	AATIO MAKIMUM MAKIMIM MAKIMUM MAKIMIM	ATIO MAKIMUM MAKIMUM MAKIMUM DUBATION TIME OF MURS. -20 1435.54 0.00 3. 178. 0.00 44.00 -25 1435.79 0.00 4. 268. 0.00 44.00 -30 1438.90 1.50 10. 20.00 45.83 -40 1438.90 1.50 10. 20.00 45.83 -40 1438.90 1.50 10. 20.00 45.83 -40 1438.90 1.50 10. 20.7. 4.17 -400 1438.90 1.50 10. 20.7. 4.17 -400 1438.90 1.51 10. 20.7. 4.17 -400 1438.90 1.51 10. 20.7. 4.17 -400 1438.90 1.51 10. 20.7. 4.17 -400 1438.90 1.51 10. 20.87. 4.10 -50 1438.90 1.51 10. 20.87. 4.10 -50 1438.90 1.51 10. 20.87. 4.10 -50 1438.90 1.51 10. 20.87. 4.10 -50 1438.90 1.51 10. 20.87. 4.10 -50 1438.90 1.51 10. 20.87. 4.10 -50 1438.90 1.51 10. 20.87. 4.10 -50 1438.90 1.51 10. 20.85 -50 1438.90 1.51 10. 20.85 -50 1438.90 1.51 10. 20.85 -50 1438.90 1.51 10. 20.85 -50 1438.90 1.51 10. 20.85 -50 1438.90 1.51 10. 20.85 -50 1748.90 1.52 -50 1748.90 -50 1748.90 1.52 -50 1748.90 1.52 -50 1748.90 1.52 -50 1748.90 -5	OF RESERVOIR DEPTH STORAGE OUTFLOW OVER TOP MAX OUTFLOW OF W.S.ELEV OVER DAM AC-FT CFS MOURS LOS 1455.54 D.00 3. 278. 0.00 45.83 SO 1455.79 D.00 3. 228. 0.00 45.83 SO 1456.89 1.50 10. 205933 42.67 SO 1458.90 1.50 10. 2057. 4.17 1.00 1458.91 1.51 10. 2067. 2.33 41.50 1458.91 1.51 10. 2067. 4.17 1.00 1458.91 1.51 10. 2067. 4.17 PLAM 1 STATIOM 4. PLAM 2 STATIOM 6. PLAM 2 STATIOM 6. PLAM 3 STATIOM 6. PLAM 4. PLAM 2	AATTO MAKINUM MAKINUM MAKINUM DUBATION TIME OF WEERVOIR DEPTH STORAGE OUTFLOW OWER TOP MAK DUTFLOW OWER TOP WAS HOURS WOLK OUTFLOW OWER TOP WOLK OUTFLOW OWER TOP WOLK OUTFLOW	AATIO MAZIMUM MAZIMUM MAZIMUM DURATION TIME OF RESERVOIR DEPTM STORAGE OUTFLOW OVER TOP MAX OUTFLOW OVER TOP TOP MAX OUTFLOW OVER TOP MAX OUTFLOW OVER TOP MAX OUTFLOW OVER TOP TOP TOP MAX OUTFLOW OVER TOP	AATIO MALIMUM NAIMUM NA	ANTIO MAKEMUM	OF RESERVOIR DEPTH STORAGE OUTFLOW OVER TOP MAX DUTFLOW USER TO MAX DUTFLOW OVER DAM AC-FT CFS MOUNS WOUNS AC-FT CFS MOUNS WOUNS AC-FT CFS MOUNS AC-FT MOUND A	ANTIO MALINUM MARINUM MARINUM DURATION TIME OF MAX OUTCOM OFF W.S.EEV OVER DAM ACFF CFS OUTCOM WAS NOT A CFS OFF CFS OUTCOM AS NOT A CFS OUTCOM A CFS OUTCOM AS NOT A	ANTIO MALIMUM MARIMUM MARIMUM BURATION TIME OF MAX OUTCOM 1.5	MAINUM M	PATIO MAXIMUM MAXIMU	NATIO MAXIMUM MAXIMU	OF RESERVOIR DEPTH STORAGE CUITED WOVER TOP MAX OUTFOUN TABLE OF RESERVOIR DAY OF THE COLOR OF T

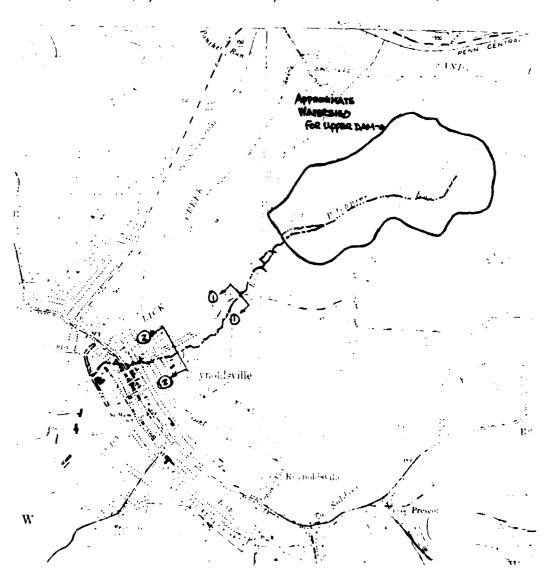
DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL ROUTING (WITH DAM BREACH)

PAGE D9 OF 12

DAPPOLANIA

CONSULTING ENGINEERS. INC

By WTC Date 6/17/80 Subject REYNOLDSVILE DAM (upper) Sheet No 1 of 3 Chkd. By 13E Date 6/19/80 D/S ROUTING Proj. No 19-543-20



D 10 OF 12

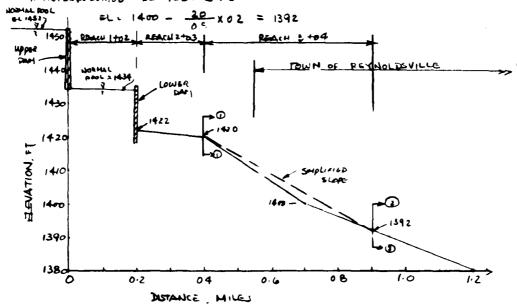
APPOICON CONSULTING ENGINEERS INC

By WR Date GITI80 Subject REYNOLDS VILLE DAM (upper) Sheet No. 2 of 3
Chkd. By BE Date 6/19/82 0/5 ROUTING Proj No. 79-543. _____ Proj. No. <u>79-543-2</u>

CHANNEL PROFILE AND CROSS-SECTION OF REYNOLDSVILLE DAM

REACH	LOCATION OF	ELEVATION (USGS)	DISTANCE FROM UPPER DAM	SIMPLIFIED	REMARKS
		FT	MILES	%	
	REYNOLDSVILLE UPPER DAMY TOE	≈ 1434	0	LOWER LAKE	
1702	LOWER DAM	Spilling 1434	0.2		
2+3		TAILMATER 1422	1 0.7	1422-1420 = 0-184%	
-	SECTION (1)	1420	04		Town
3-104		1400	7 0	1420-1392 = 1.061%	of
1	SECTION (1)	1392"	0.9		REYNOLDSVILLE

EL 1380 @ 12 mile



CHAUNEL PROPLE

D 11 OF 12

APPOLON CONSULTING ENGINEERS, INC.

By WIC Date 6/17/80 Subject REYNOLDS VILLE DAM (UPPER) Sheet No. 3 of 3 Chkd. By PS Date 6/19/20 D/S ROUTING Proj. No. 79-543-20

SUMMARY OF CHANNEL CROSS- SECTION DATA

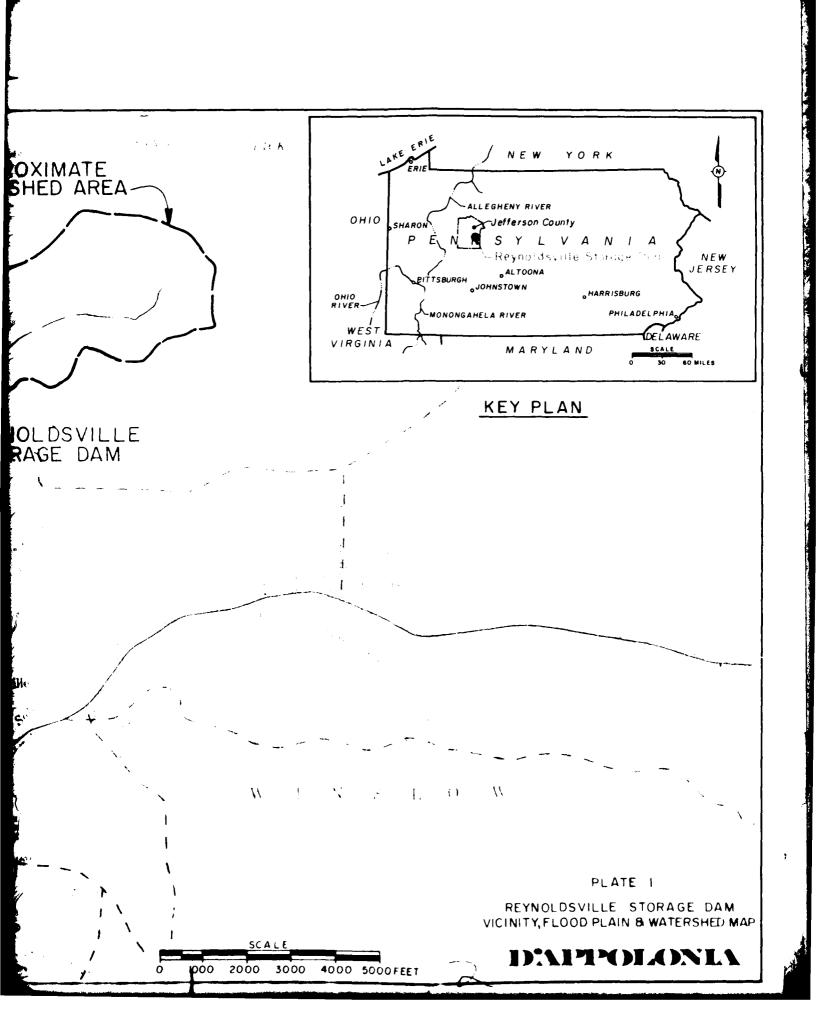
REACH	2 to 3	REACH	2 +04					
L= 10	54	L= 20	640					
S = 0.0	0189	S = 0 · 6	1061					
SECTIO	ر 0	SECTIO	70					
DISTALLE	ELEVATION	DISTANCE	ELEVATION					
0	1480	0	1440					
113	1460	100	1420					
220	1440	250	1400					
500	1420	5,00	1392					
520	1420	520	1392					
720	1440	700	1400					
850	1460	900	1420					
950	1420	1200	1440					

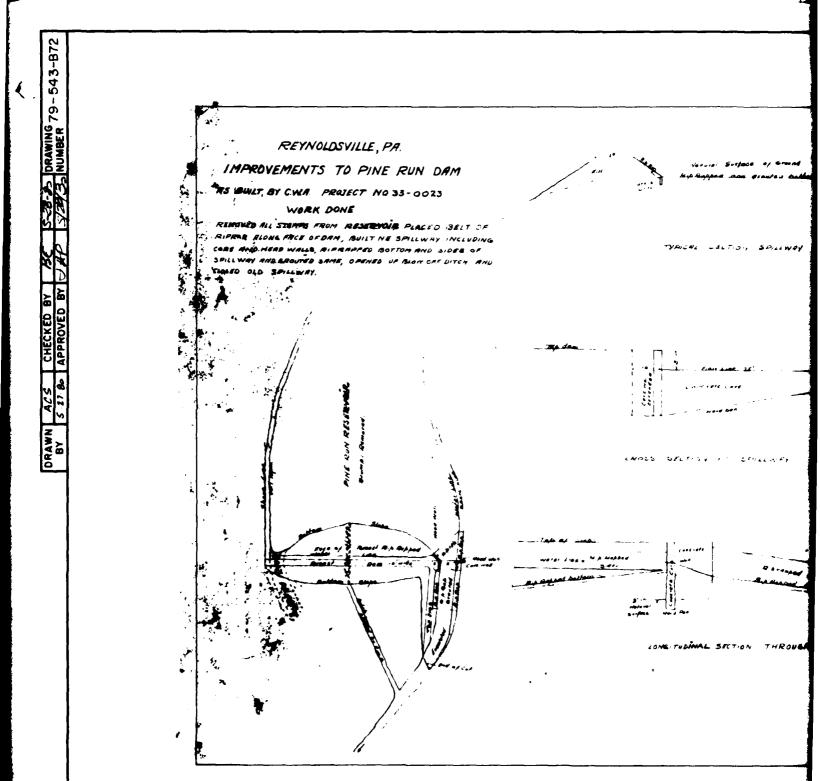
- NOTES (1) LE RENCH LEWATH IN PEET S. SUPE OF BEACH FX;
 - (2) DISTANCES FOR EACH CROSS SELLION ARE MEASURED FROM USGS 75' MAPE (FROM LEFT to RIGHT, LOOKING D/S)
 - (3) ASSUMED CHANNEL BOTTOM WIDTH : 10'
 - (4) ASSUMED CHANNEL ROUGHUESS (OFF n = 0.00 45

SUMMARY OF AREA & SURGIAGGE STORAGE VOL. ABOVE SPILLING LOWER DAM.

ELEVATION		TOR MONA	SURCHARGE STORAGE VOLUME
FT	11/2	ACRES	AC - ST
1434	002	1.8	O (SPILLWAY)
1460	006	5 51	90.6

APPENDIX E PLATES





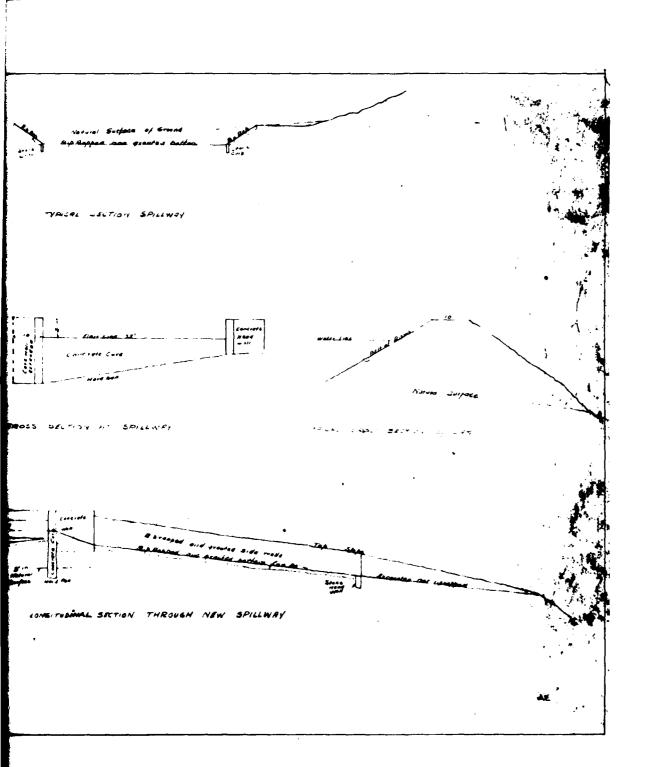
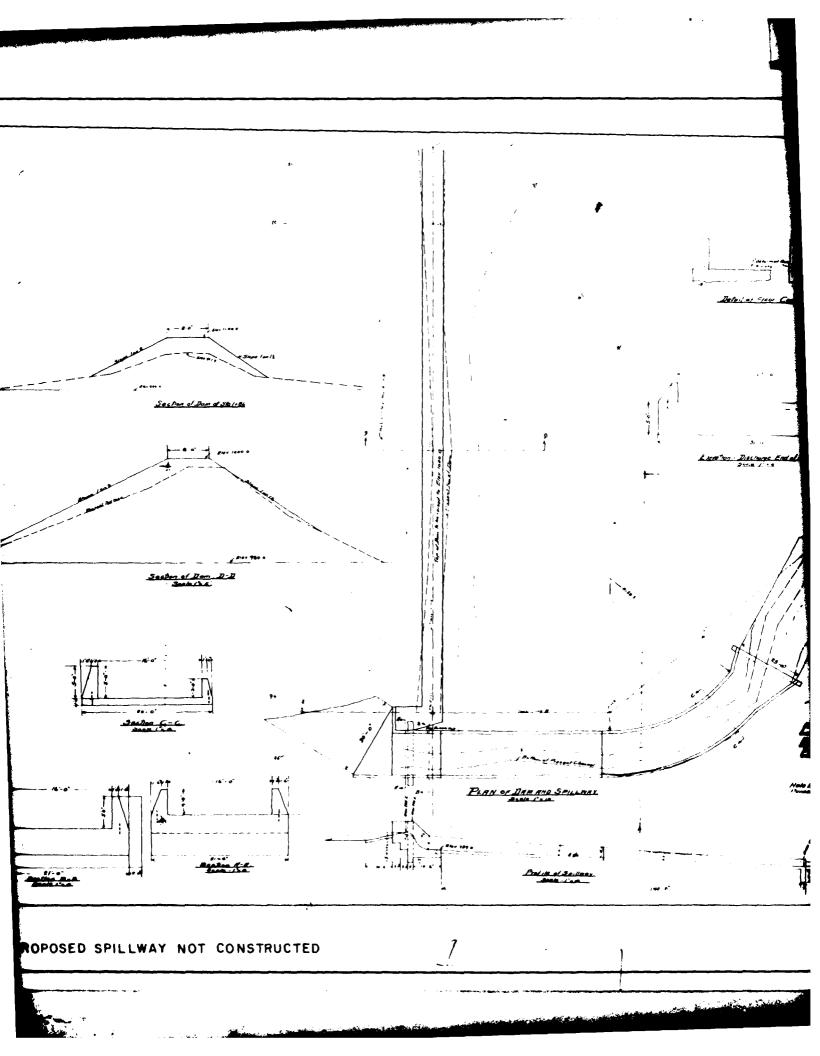


PLATE 2

DAPPOLONIA



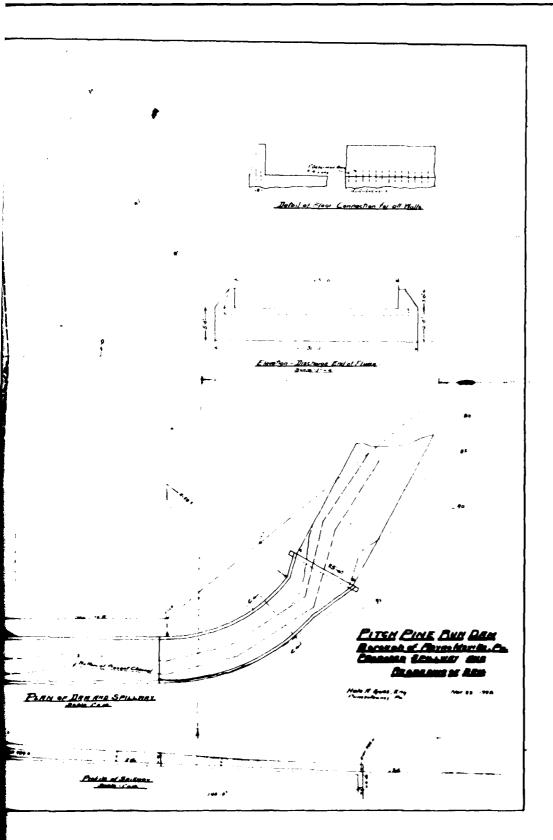
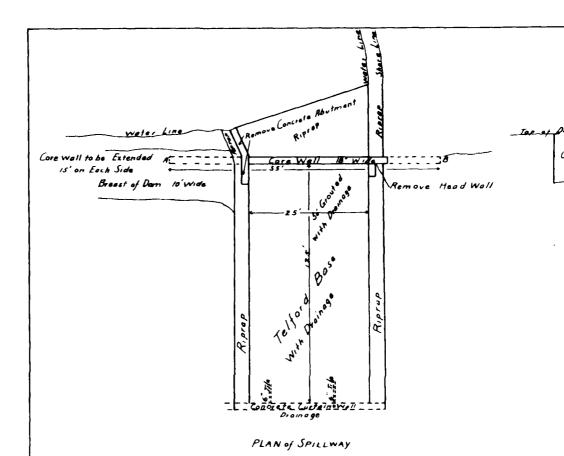
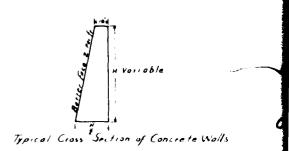


PLATE 3

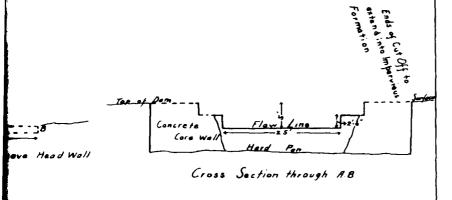
DAPPOIANIA

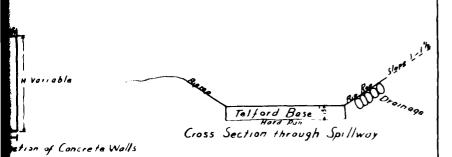




BOROUGH OF REYNOLDSVILLE WA REYNOLDSVILLE PA Improvement to Spillway at Dam on West B

Seale 1. 19/2

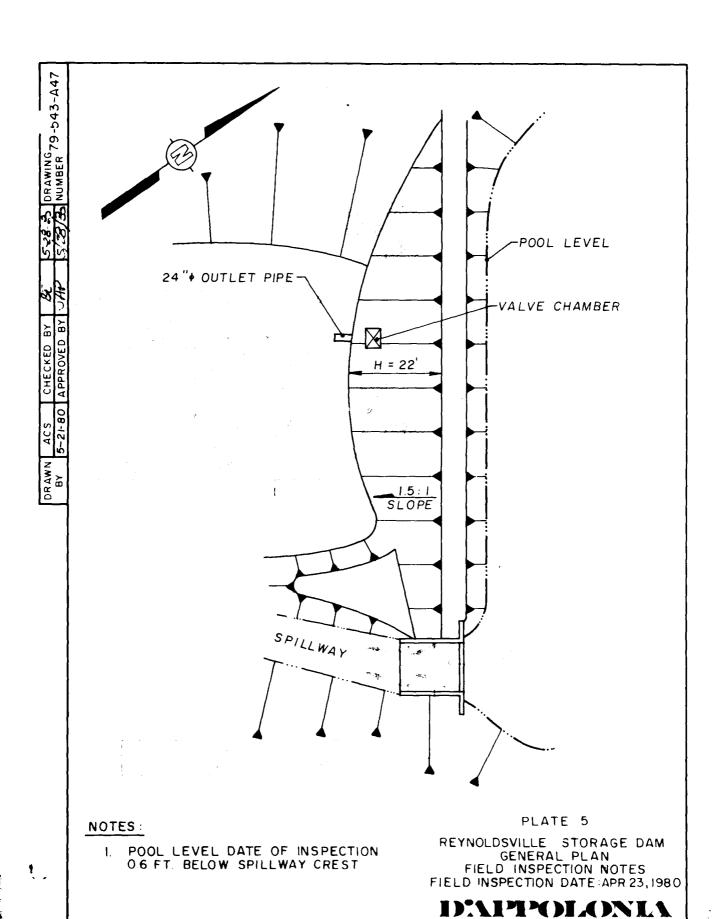




OF REYNOLDSVILLE WATER PLANT REYNOLDSVILLE, PA Wilway at Dam on West Branch Pitch Pine Run

PLATE 4

DAIPOIADNIA



APPENDIX F
REGIONAL GEOLOGY

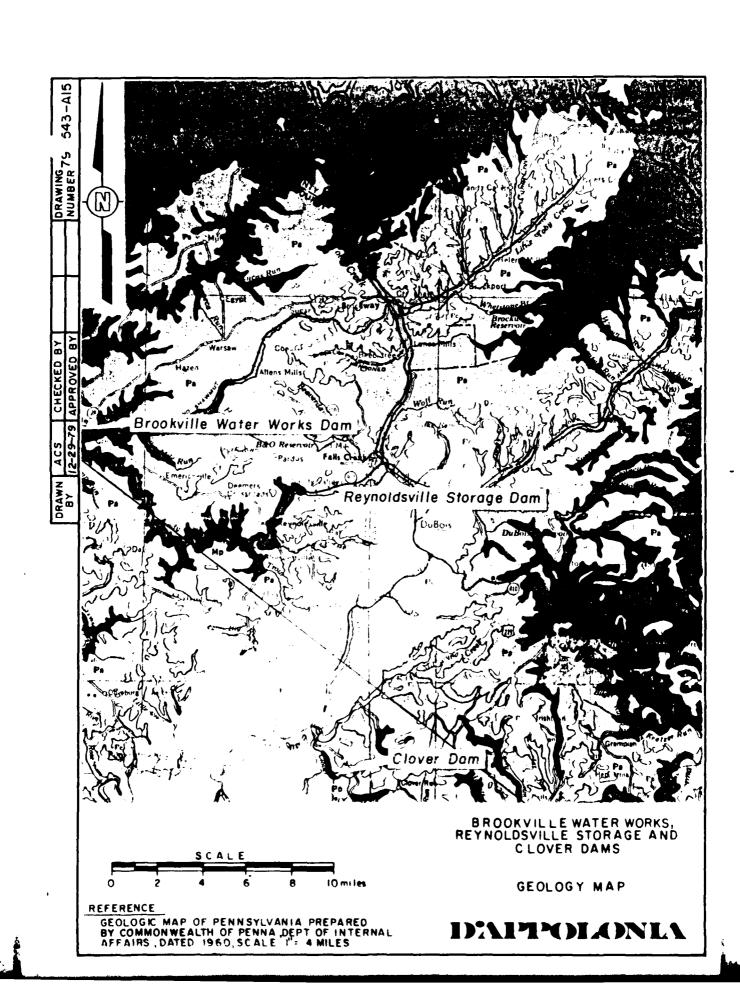
APPENDIX F

REGIONAL GEOLOGY REYNOLDSVILLE STORAGE DAM

Reynoldsville Storage Dam is located in the central area of the Appalachian Plateau Province which is characterized by broad, nearly level ridges and deep steep valleys. Strata in the vicinity have been gently folded to form the Roaring Run Anticline which trends to the northeast.

The dam lies on strata belonging to the Allegheny Group of Pennsylvanian Age. The Allegheny is characterized by shales, sandstones, and several minable coals. The Vanport Limestone occurs in this formation and outcrops in the Reynoldsville area.

The Lower Freeport Coal has been mined extensively for many years in the Reynoldsville area. No deep mines are known to exist in the area.



L EGEND.

Pc

Conemaugh Formation

Cyclic sequences of red and gray shales and silisiones with thin timestones and coals, massive Mahoning Sandstone com-monly present at base; Ames Limestone present in middle of sections, Brush Creek Limestone in lower part of section.



Pottsville Group Light ging to white, course ground and able could surface Sharp Mountain, Schuykill and Tumbling Ran Forma-tions



Allegheny Group
Cuclic sequences of sunastone, shale timeslone and cool numerous commercial
coals time-tories the kin westward. Van
nost Limestone in lone, just of section
includes. Everport, K. Hanving, and
Clarion Formations.



Clinton Group

Pretominantly Rose Hill Fromation Reddish purple to greenish gray, thin to
medium hedded, towelfiles as he with
critetionguing from satisfactors and
lead gray, towelfierious timestone above
the Rose Hills is he are to white guartistic
sandstone (Keeter), eterhald improved
with dark gray shale (Rochester)



Marine beds

Martine fields
Gray to olive brown shales, grainicackes,
and marks new continual Cheming, both
and Parrigs have including Backet,
Brailies Hussell, and Trimmers Rock,
Tully Limentone at bone.



Predominately gray, hard, massive, cross-bedied confineerale and wordstone with some shale includes in the Appullichian Plateau Burgoon, Shenomo, Crownbago Cross wago, Corey, and Knopp. Formations includes part of Owengo of M. L. Fuller in Potter and Tinga countries



Oriskany Formation

White to brown, time to course grained partity calcurous locally conjunerate, transitive and sandy and the top, dark grow, shorty brostone with both cone interhedical shales and sandstones below (Shorrer)



White to a up in draw to thick hedded, fine grained quarterie conditione con-glumerate in pact.



Hlack, (issile, carbonacous shale with thick, brown sandstone (Turkey Ridge) in parts of central Pennsylvania

Onondaga Formation

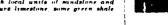
Othoridaga Formation
Greenish bive thin betided shult and dark
blue to black, medium bedded timestone
with shule predominant in most places
includes Selinagione Limestone and Keedmare Shule in central Pennsylvania and
Buttermik Falls Limestone and Exopus
Shule in easternmost Pinnsylvania, in
Lehijah Gup area includes Palmerton
Sandstone and Buwmanstown Cheet



Wills Creek Formation

Greenish gray, thin bedied, finale shale with local limestone and sandstone in the contains red shale and sitiations in the lower part.

Bloomsburg Formation
Red, this and thick bedded shale and silt stone with local units of sandstone and thin impure limestone, some green shale in places



McKenzie Formation

MACKILLE FORTHALION (Freehold with gray, this bedded with gray, this bedded, insulstreams shill preclaim and at the base, intraformational brecom in the lower part. Absent in Harrisburg gundrangle and to the east.



Bark gray, highly fossiliterous, thick bed-ded, crystalline to nodular limeston-passes into Mantius, Rondout, and Decker Formations in the east

Tonoloway Formation

Gray, highly laminated, thin bedded, araillaceous limestone passes into Honourelville and Pozono Island beds in the east.



Catakill Formation

NAUNKIII POPMATION
Chiefly red to brownish shales and sand
Stones includes gray and greenish sont
stone tongues named Elk Mountain
Honesdale Shahala and Delaware River
in the east

GEOLOGY MAP LEGEND

REFERENCE:

GEOLOGIC MAP OF PENNSYLVANIA PREPARED BY COMMONWEALTH OF PENNA, DEPT. OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS, DATED 1960, SCALE 14 4 MILES

DAITOIANL